WEATHER.

Fair Monday and Tuesday.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

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VOL. XCIX--NO. 3 WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 25, 1916 WHOLE NUMBER 30,714

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THIRTY WERE KILLED IN ZEPPELIN ATTACK OVER ENGLISH COAST

Of This Number, Twenty-Eight Were Killed in the Metropolitan Area of London.

110 PERSONS WERE INJURED

Two Zeppelins Were Shot Down—Crew of One Was Killed, and the Other Captured.

TWELVE AIRSHIPS IN RAID

Statement Says Material Damage Was Insignificant.

London, September 24.—Twelve Zeppelins, which raided London and the southeast counties of England last night, killed thirty persons and injured 110 others, according to a British official statement, issued tonight. Of the casualties 28 men, women and children were killed, and 99 men, women and children were injured in the metropolitan area of London.

Two of the Zeppelin airships, both of a new pattern, were shot down in Essex. The crew of one was killed, but the crew of the other, consisting of 22 men, was captured.

Outside of the London district two persons were killed and eleven injured in an East Midland town, and it is feared that two other bodies may be buried in the ruins.

Numerous Fires Started.

The missiles dropped by the hostile aircraft caused numerous fires and demolished or damaged a large number of residences and stores in London.

The casualties in the metropolitan area, according to an official compilation are:

Killed: Men, 17; women, 8; children, 3—total, 28.

Injured: Men, 45; women, 37; children, 17—total, 99.

An official statement issued by the British press bureau tonight said:

Not Over 12 Airships.

"Latest reports show that probably not more than 12 airships participated in last night's air raid. Police reports from the provinces indicate that the damage by the airships is slight. In one town in the east midlands, however, a number of bombs were dropped and it is regretted that two persons were killed and 11 injured. It is feared that two more bodies were burned under some ruins in this town.

"Some damage was caused at a railway station, and about a dozen houses and shops were wrecked or damaged and a chapel and storehouse set on fire. This is an exception. No other casualties have been reported outside the metropolitan area and, although a large number of bombs were dropped promiscuously over the districts visited by the airships, the material damage is insignificant. A great number of bombs fell in the sea or in open places.

"In the metropolitan area 17 men, 8 women and 3 children were killed and 45 men and 37 women and 17 children were injured.

"A considerable number of small dwelling houses and shops were demolished or damaged. A number of fires were caused. Two factories sustained injury. Some empty railway trucks were destroyed and a permanent way slightly damaged in two places.

"No reports have been received of any military damage."

An Earlier Statement.

An official statement issued shortly after noon today said:

"Fourteen or fifteen airships participated in the attack on Great Britain last night. The southeastern, eastern end east-midland counties and Lincolnshire were the principal localities visited.

"An attack on London was carried ont by two airships from east between 12 and 1 a. m. Aeroplanes were sent up and fire was opened from anti-aircraft guns and defenses, the raiders being driven off.

"Bombs were dropped, however, in the southern and southeastern districts and it is regretted that 28 persons were killed and 99 injured.

"Two of the raiders were brought down in Essex. They were both large airships and of a new pattern. One of them fell in flames and was destroyed, together with the crew. The crew of 22 officers and men of the second were captured.

"Detailed reports of the casualties and damage have not yet been received."

ORDERS INVESTIGATION

Of Explosion of Big Gun on Battleship Michigan.

Washington, Sept. 24. — Secretary Daniels today order a board of inquiry to convene tomorrow at the Philadelphia navy yard to investigate the explosion of a 12-inch gun on the battleship Michigan last week, which caused serious injuries to one of the crew and extensive structural damage to the vessel.

TWO BIG ZEPPELINS REDUCED TO RUINS

Fell Victims Saturday Night to Anti-Aircraft Defenses of London and Districts.

ONE OF THEM BURNED UP

Crew of One of the Airships Saved From Death and Made Prisoners. Heavy Toll of Life Taken in Attack.

London, Sept. 24.—Of the 12 big Zeppelins which invaded the British Isles last night, to deal death and destruction from the skies, two today lay stark and black masses of steel and aluminum in the little village of Mangold, Essex county. They fell victims of the anti-craft defenses of London and outlying districts.

One came down a flaming torch, as did the Zeppelin L-21, destroyed three weeks ago, while the second, disabled by gunfire, effected a landing, which saved the lives of the crew who tonight are prisoners in England. The crew of the first raider died in the consuming flames of their own ship, but they are not so terribly charred as their predecessors.

This latest raider to light her own funeral way on English soil collapsed and was consumed much more quickly than the L-21. It is possible, though, that some of the men were still living when the great vessel struck the ground. The captain's body was found some distance from the wreck.

Thousands Witness Sight

The death and burning the first Zeppelin was witnessed by tens of thousands of London's residents, but the wounding and descent of the second raider was a matter of doubt until today's official statements were given out. Few details are available of this second raider's condition, but it is reliably reported that the crew surrendered to special constables.

Many who saw the shrapnel bursting like sky rockets about the invader, which subsequently caught fire, think there must have been several distinct hits. Many aeroplanes were aloft and attacked the Zeppelins from all sides.

The raiders took a heavy toll of lives before their destruction, 28 persons being killed and 99 wounded in the metropolitan district of London. Two persons were killed, probably four, and 17 were wounded in the provinces.

The Property Damage.

The property damage, while widely distributed, is confined for the most part to small suburban dwellings and shops, although one railway station was damaged, some empty cars being destroyed and part of the tracks torn up.

The roar of dropping bombs were

(Continued on Page Three.)

NUMEROUS AIR FIGHTS ON THE SOMME FRONT

Paris Reports Twenty-Nine Engagements in One Day.

Four German Machines Were Brought Down, Says Report—Several Destroyed In Other Parts of France.

Paris, September 24.—The official statement of the French war department, issued this afternoon says, concerning aviation:

"Aviation: Yesterday enemy airmen, having shown unusual activity, our pursuing squadrons successfully engaged them in aerial combats. On a great part of the front, our pilots gained considerable success and undisputably had the upper hand of the enemy.

"On the Somme front there were 29 engagements. Four enemy planes were brought down. On fell in the Vaux wood. Two, attacked by sub-Lieutenant Guynemer, descended in flames, after some minutes of fighting, making Guynemer's 17th and 18th aeroplanes. A fourth machine crashed to the earth south of Miserey. Three other German machines were seriously hit and fell wrecked near Estrees, and in the region of Peronne.

"Four enemy aeroplanes were compelled to descend in their own lines. It is confirmed that one German machine, reported seriously hit September 23, was brought down between Misserey and Villers-Carbonnel.

"Between Cahulnes and Hare six Germans were brought down. One fell burning near Chaulnes during an engagement between four French and six enmy machines. A second fell at Licourt, a third at Parvillers and a fourth south of Marcheipot. A fifth and a sixth were brought down by the same pilot in an engagement between a French squadron and six Germans. They fell

(Continued on Page Three.)

ROCKWELL HIT BY PIECE OF SHELL

Young American Aviator Was Killed in Battle Over Town of Thann, in Alsace.

HAD JUST BEEN PROMOTED

Had Been Given Rank of Second Lieutenant But Died Without Knowing of His New Honor—In Numerous Air Battles.

Paris, Sept. 24.—The aerial fight in which Sergeant Kiffen Rockwell, of Winston-Salem, N. C., was mortally wounded yesterday morning, by a German airman, took place over the town of Thann. The body of the American aviator fell in reconquered territory in Alsace near the spot where Rockwell shot his first adversary five months ago.

Rockwell was serving as a volunteer in the Franco-American flying corps on the Verdun front. A few hours previous to the engagement he had been promoted to the rank of second lieutenant, but died without knowing of the new honor. He already had received the military medal for shooting down a German two-seater near Hartsmanns-Weilerkopf in May. He had beaten down another before Verdun and had participated in a thrilling combat in which nearly all the Franco-American flotilla was engaged with a strong German force. He was wounded during the fight by a fragment of shell while engaged alone with three adversaries.

Sergeant Rockwell was one of the first American volunteers to join the foreign legion. He was greviously wounded in a bayonet attack at Arras in May, 1915, before being transferred to the flying corps. He was regarded in French aviation circles as an "ace," a name given to the most skillful and daring pilots. Lieut. William Thaw, of Pittsburg, before he was wounded, and Rockwell made a formidable fighting pair. They frequently were in the air together and always chasing an adversary.

Rockwell had fought 24 air battles since recovering from his last wound, or an overage of more than one a day. When he met his death he was returning from a bombarding expedition in which he flew one of the fighting machines that furnished the escort.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS STAND BY INTEGRITY OF COUNTRY.

Declare Nation Must Be Defended Until Her Enemies Give In.

London, September 25.—A conference of the Socialists of the German Empire has adopted by a vote of 251 to 5 a resolution declaring the country must be defended until its enemies are prepared to conclude a peace guaranteeing the political and territorial integrity and the economic development of Germany, according to a telegram from Berlin, received at Amsterdam and forwarded by the Reuter Telegram Company.

The resolution is said to have strongly condemned the machinations and demands of those who wish to make the war one of conquest. This attitude, it is contended, strengthens the resistance of Germany's opponents and tends to prolong the conflict.

The conference expressed its regret that the efforts of the Socialists for peace had not met the desired response from countries hostile to Germany as not only had enemy statesmen, but even the official representatives of French Socialism and of the English labor society, had declared themselves hostile to peace.

Approval of the action of the Socialists in the Reichstag in voting for Germany's war credits, was expressed by the conference.

HUGHES SPENDS SUNDAY AT CHAS. W. FAIRBANKS' HOME

Will Leave Early Today to Open His Campaign in Ohio.

Indianapolis, September 24. — Charles E. Hughes today followed his usual procedure of resting on Sunday. He spent the day at the home of Charles W. Fairbanks, his running mate, slept tonight on his private car in the railroad yards, and will leave early tomorrow to open his campaign in Ohio at Dayton.

With Mrs. Hughes and Mr. Fairbanks, the nominee went to church this morning and took a motor ride this afternoon. There was also an informal reception late today at the Fairbanks home.

Tomorrow's programme calls for an all-day stay at Dayton, with addresses before the National League of Republican Clubs, at the Soldiers' Home in the auditorium at night, and an afternoon visit to the fair grounds. Mr. Hughes will leave Dayton early Tuesday, to continue his trip through Ohio.

FIRST REGIMENT STARTS FOR THE BORDER TODAY

Morehead City, N. C., Sept. 24.—With all equipment loaded on cars tonight, Brigade Headquarters and the First regiment begin the journey tomorrow morning for El Paso. They will move in three sections, leaving camp at 8 o'clock, 10 o'clock and 12 o'clock. The contingent includes 60 officers and 1,989 men.

The second regiment is scheduled to move Tuesday morning, going in three sections at two hour intervals. The Third regiment leaves Wednesday, also in three sections. The Guardsmen are eager to go.

WILSON SPEAKS AT BALTIMORE TODAY

Expects to Amplify Position on Settling Railroad Strike Before Grain Dealers.

SPEECH SATURDAY PRAISED

President Expects to Feature Eight-Hour Law in Virtually All His Speeches—Will Conduct Dignified Campaign.

Long Branch, N. J., September 24. — Fully launched on his campaign for re-election, President Wilson will go to Baltimore tomorrow to speak before the National Grain Dealers' Association. The President expects to amplify his position on the settlement of the recently threatened railroad strike, outlined in his speech at Shadow Lawn yesterday. He will do this on the theory that the grain dealers are interested in the question, as shippers. He was much encouraged today by the receipt of several hundred telegrams praising yesterday's address.

The Rural Credits law, the Federal Reserve act, and other legislation of his administration of interest to the farmers also will be referred to by the President, but he is expected to devote his attention chiefly to the eight-hour law for railroad employees.

This subject, which the President now considers one of the chief issues of the campaign, will be featured by Mr. Wilson in virtually every speech he makes. He will reply to the charge that the eight-hour law was forced through Congress by threats of a strike with the statement that he insisted on the law because he believed it right.

Mr. Wilson will leave here at 9 o'clock in the morning, arriving at Baltimore shortly after 1 o'clock. He will speak at 2:30 p. m., leaving soon after his speech for Shadow Lawn.

All of Mr. Wilson's political lieutenants here, including Col. E. M. House, who spent the week-end with him, said from now on the President will be much more active politically. He has made it plain, however, that the only kind of campaign he will conduct will be of a dignified character.

Tuesday Mr. Wilson will motor to Princeton, his former home, to vote in the New Jersey primaries. He is particularly interested in the contest between Senator Martine and Attorney General Wescott, of New Jersey, for the senatorial nomination. Judge Wescott saw him here yesterday. Thursday the President will receive some Boy Scouts and Saturday he will speak to a delegation of young Democrats from New York. From then on he is expected to make two or more speeches a week.

PRIMARIES IN NEW JERSEY WILL BE HELD TOMORROW

Trenton, N. J., September 24.—Preferential primaries in New Jersey will be held on Tuesday.

Republican and Democratic organizations will nominate candidates for United States senator, governor, 12 congressmen and a state legislature. The Progressives, as a party, will not participate in the primaries, because the party failed to poll five per cent. of the total vote in the last election, and under the state law are excluded from nominating candidates. Progressive candidates, however, may be placed in the field in the general election by filing petitions with the secretary of state.

Former Governor Franklin Murphy, of Newark, and former State Senator Joseph Freelinghuysen, of Raritan, are the contestants for the Republican senatorial nomination, and state senators Walter E. Edge, of Atlantic City; Austen Colgate, of Essex, and George L. Record, of Jersey City, are the Republican candidates for governor.

Interest in the Democratic primary centers in the fight of United States Senator James E. Martine for re-nomination. Attorney General John W. Wescott, of Camden, is Senator Martine's principal rival for the nomination. H. Otto Wittpen, of Jersey City, is unopposed for the Democratic nomination for governor.

LUMBER MARKETS IN EUROPE ARE TO BE INVESTIGATED

Dr. Pratt, of Commerce Bureau, Announces Detailed Plans.

Washington, Sept. 24—Detailed plans for investigation of European lumber markets by a commission of five representing the bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, the Federal Trade Commission, the Forest Service and the Lumber Manufacturers' Association were announced tonight by Dr. E. E. Pratt, chief of the commerce bureau. He said the five experts to be sent abrad would be chosen in the near future and that the investigation probably would last two years.

One commission will be assigned to the United Kingdom, Holland and France; one to southern Europe and northern Africa; one to Germany, Austria, Belgium and Turkey; one to Norway and Sweden, and the fifth to Russia and Rumania.

PETER SHORT, OF GREENSBORO KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Sidney Allen, of Thomasville, Believed Fatally Injured.

Charlotte, N. C., September 24.—Peter Short, of Greensboro, is dead and Sidney Allen, of Thomasville, is believed fatally injured as the result of an automobile wreck two miles from Thomasville and five miles from High Point, N. C., early today. The two were found under the machine at the bottom of a 15-foot ditch by a passerby about 5 a. m. Apparently they had been lying there helpless for some time. Short died immediately after arrival at a High Point hospital.

MORE THAN 40 AEROPLANES BROUGHT DOWN IN BATTLES FOUGHT OVER FRENCH SOIL

Paris Claims the Destruction of Twenty-Six Machines and Berlin Twenty-Four, While British Airmen Are Said to Have Brought Down a Number of Enemy Craft---No Great Land Battles Have Taken Place on Either Front.

Aerial activity in which two Zeppelins were brought down and more than two score of German, French and British aeroplanes met with disaster in fights in the air, forms the chief news feature of the war, there having been no land battle of great proportions or startling results in any of the various war theatres.

The Zeppelins met their fate at the hands of the British anti-air craft gunners on the Eastern coast of England in Essex, after a fleet of 12 airships had visited London and other points Saturday night, dropping bombs. One of the machines, with its entire crew, was burned in mid-air. The other was brought down damaged and its crew taken prisoner.

In the metropolitan district of London 28 men, women and children were killed and 99 wounded. Outside of London two persons met death and 11 were injured. Considerable material damage was done by bombs in London and the outlying districts.

Paris reports that French airmen in battles in the air with the Germans in France have accounted for 26 aeroplanes, while Berlin records the bringing down of 24 Entente Allied machines, 20 of them on the Somme front. Five German machines were destroyed by the British Saturday, and two others driven down damaged, while five British machines are missing, after combats in the air.

On the battle front in France, aside from the repulse of local attacks by both the Entente Allies and the Germans violent artillery duels have predominated.

In Galicia a Russian attack on the upper reaches of the Dneister resulted in a general engagement. North of Zborow the attackers succeeded in entering the trenches of the Teutonic Allies, but later, according to both Berlin and Vienna, were driven out, suffering sanguinary losses and leaving behind them 700 prisoners and 7 machine guns.

Petrograd, however, says that in this region the Russians took prisoner 1,500 Austrians and Germans. In the Carpathians several positions captured recently by the Russians have been retaken by the Teutonic Allies.

In Rumania the fighting has died down somewhat in the Dobrudja region, while on the Transylvania front an attack by the Rumanians on the Vulcan pass, which was repulsed, is the only engagement reported.

British troops, fighting along the Struma, have crossed the river at three points and taken the town of Jenmita, from the Bulgarians, while the Serbs have made additional progress northwest of Florina. Sofia reports the capture by the Bulgarians of a mountain crest south of the village of Popla.

The usual artillery bombardments

(Continued on Page Three.)

ALLIED BOMB FALLS NEAR DUTCH STEAMER

Dropped From Aeroplane and Fell in Twenty Feet of Ship.

The Prins Hendrik Was Being Taken to Port by German Destroyer. Three Persons Wounded by Explosion.

London, Sept. 24.—The Dutch mail steamer Prins Hendrik, which was seized by German naval forces, while bound from Flushing for London and taken into Zeebrugge, was in great danger when, as the steamer was being escorted toward that port for the second time, an Entente allied aeroplane dropped a bomb intended for a convoying German destroyer within 20 feet of the steamer. One Dutch passenger and two sailors were wounded. This is the story told by passengers of the Prins Hendrik who have landed here.

Herbert C. Hoover, chairman of the American commission for Belgian relief, was standing beside the wounded passenger and narrowly escaped injury. The hull of the vessel was punctured in 23 places.

The only other American aboard, Isador Polak, was taken ashore protesting vigorously, but as his protests were made in German his fellow passengers were ignorant of the cause of his detention.

The only belligerent who avoided capture and detention was a 19-year-old French soldier, who had escaped from a German prison camp. He remained for five hours in a wooden tub that had the open end propped against the deck house. Among the escaped prisoners captured were one French and one Russian officer.

The Prins Hendrik on her final trip out from Zeebrugge was escorted in addition to destroyers by three German aeroplanes, the pilots of which amused themselves by shooting wild ducks with their machine guns.

COUPLE FOUND AFTER BEING LOST IN WOODS FOUR DAYS

Massachusetts Lawyer and Wife Had Lost Their Bearings.

Dixville Notch, N. H., Sept. 24.—Jos. A. Dennison, former assistant district attorney of Suffolk county, Mass., and his wife, who had been lost for nearly four days in the wilderness of the northern foothills of the White Mountains, were found early today. They had suffered greatly from exhaustion and lask of food and sleep.

The Dennisons were discovered in a wild section of country near the Maine border, and ten miles from the hotel. They had los ttheir bearings in the almost trackless woods, and for two days had wandered in quest of a habitation. Friday they found shelter in an old lumber shack.

Discovery of the missing lawyer and his wife was made by Earl Gould and Scott Copp, employes of the hotel, who are entitled to a reward of $1,500.

St. Joseph, Mo., Sept. 24.—Oscar D. McDaniel, prosecuting attorney, was arrested here tonight on a state warrant charging him with the murder of his wife, Harriet Moss McDaniel, who was found dying in her bedroom the night of July 15.

Lexington, Ky., September 24. — Joseph Hoeing Kastle, director of the experiment station of the University of Kentucky, died here today, after a short illness. Dr. Kastle was professor of chemistry at the University of Virginia from 1909 to 1911.

TOWN OF PHOENIX IN NEW YORK FIRE-SWEPT

Business District and Half of Industrial Section Burned.

Eighty-Two Buildings Were Destroyed Causing a Loss of Over $1,000,000. One Person Known to Have Perished.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 24.—Fire early today destroyed the entire business district and more than half the industrial section of the town of Phoenix, causing a loss of more than $1,000,000. One person is known to have perished. Eighty-two buildings were destroyed.

The fire burned without check for 15 hours and the volunteer fire department was made helpless by the early destruction of the water pumping station. The fire started from a hot journal in a power plant, according to the authorities.

Not a store was left standing and the people were tonight confronted with a serious problem of food supply. Looters invaded the ruins, and scores of deputies were sworn in with orders to shoot. Several paper mills, a silk mill, bank, several chair factories, large warehouses, the postoffice, four hotels and a church were destroyed. One man was burned to death and a number of firemen and residents injured.

RETAIL PRICES LOWER

Wholesale Quotations on Food, However(Slightly Higher.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Although retail prices for food decreased 1 per cent during 1915, wholesale food averaged 1 per cent higher for the year than in 1914 and wholesale prices in general showed a considerably large increase, according to figures made public tonight by the bureau of labor statistics. The greatest changes recorded by any one group on wholesale markets were in metals and metal products, which jumped 11 per cent. Wholesale prices for drugs and chemicals increased 10 per cent, farm products 2 per cent, and clothing 1 per cent.

Wholesale prices of commodities in the fuel and lighting group averaged 6 per cent, lower lumber and building materials 4 per cent lower, and house furnishing goods 1 per cent lower. Of 346 commodities or grades of commodities listed, 174 showed increases, 135 decreases, and 37 remained virtually stationary.

STOPS THE DEDICATION OF MONUMENT TO DEAD BROTHER.

Says Society Had Failed to Give Parents Money Promised Them.

Chicago, September 25.—A brother of Samuel Meisenberg, the Chicago marine, who lost his life at Vera Cruz, today plunged through a crowd gathered about the monument in Waldheim cemetery, erected to the marine's memory, and prevented its dedication.

The brother, Edward Meisenberg, startled the 500 persons gathered for the dedication by charging that the society which erected the monument had failed to give the marine's poverty stricken parents the money promised them.

"I will stop this thing if I have to fight to do it," Meisenberg shouted. "You can't se my brother's grave and body to advertise your society." The dedication was called off.

Ottowa, Ont., Sept. 24.—Canada has subscribed $180,000,000 for the $1,000,000,000 war loan.

UNION MEN PICKET THE TRANSIT LINES

Will Report Any Member of Labor Union Who is Seen Riding on Any of the Cars

FINES WOULD BE IMPOSED

Several Unions Meet and Discuss Plans for Threatened General Suspension of Work in New York Wednesday.

New York, September 24. — While several unions, representing various trades, met today and discussed plans for the threatened "suspension of work" Wednesday in aid of the carmen who quit their places September 6th, active picketing of the transit lines, which have been declared "unfair" by organized labor, was begun by thousands of men and women.

Sentinels were posted throughout the city to watch for union men riding on the cars. All cases of the kind will be reported to the unions to which the men belong, and fines will be assessed, it was said.

Eight hundred coopers, affiliated with the 'longshoremen's union, it was announced, voted in favor of a general strike. They will take no further action, however, until a definite decision is reached by the 'longshoremen, it is said.

Except for sporadic attacks against elevated railway trains by men lurking on house tops, there was little outward change in the situation. Service on the subway and elevated lines continued normal, while surface car travel showed improvement.

What few attacks there were upon cars today were of a minor character, according to the police. No one was injured. Jitneys and various other vehicles pressed into service during the strike apparently did a thriving business, especially on the East Side of the city, where many union sympathizers refused to patronize the transit companies.

TWO MORE MEMBERS OF THE BLACKMAILERS' GANG CAUGHT

Charged With Holding Man and Woman Prisoner in Chicago Hotel.

Chicago, September 24. — Transportation of a man and a woman from New York to Chicago, imprisonment of the couple in a Chicago hotel on a bogus Mann Act charge, and blackmail to the extent of $25,000, is charged in warrants served today in the arrest here of two more members of the alleged international blaickmail syndicate.

Those arrested were Homer T. French, alias "Jack" French, and "Himmie" Christian. Christian was arrested previously, in connection with the first raid made here two weeks ago, but was freed on bond. He was released again tonight on $10,000 bond.

The warrants charge that French and George Irwin, who is under bond to surrender in New York, fleeced one A. R. Wesley out of $12,500, after representing themselves to be government officers in New York, where they are said to have surprised Wesley and a woman known as Alice Williams, in a hotel. Then, it is charged, Wesley and the woman were transported to Chicago and held prisoner in a hotel from May 9, 1916, until May 13 of the same year. During this time, it is charged, they obtained $2,500 more from their victims.

SUNDAY MEETING ARE HELD BY PROHIBITION CANDIDATES

Dr. Landrith Says the Prohibition Fight is Church Peoples' Fight.

Prescott, Ariz., Sept. 24.—For the first time in the history of the Prohibition party, candidates for national honors held Sunday meetings today, members of the dry special campaigning party holding four meeting in Phoenix churches and a meeting tonight in a local theatre. Dr. Ira Landrith, the vice-presidential candidate, himself, a preacher, particularly urged that the prohibition fight was the church peoples' battle, and assailed preachers who remain non-commital on the saloon question because they desire to "stay out of politics."

"The preacher who stays out of the fight," he said here tonight, "who aims at nothing from his pulpit and who seems to see nothing fatally wrong with the liquor traffic, ought to quit preaching and go to following a mule across a ten acre field, and that's the meanest thing I ever said about a mule."

"A lackadaisical, spineless, sycophantic and platitudinous clergyman has no place in 20th century religion," said Dr. Landrith.

ADMITS GERMANY SUFFERS HEAVILY UNDER BLOCKADE

Dr. Helfferich Says Nation Must Sustain Greatest Sacrifices.

Berlin, Sept. 24, (via Sayville).—Recently addressing the representatives of the German economic unions, Dr. Karl Helfferich, secretary of the interior, said:

"Nobody can deny that Germany suffers heavily under the British crimes of commercial war and that the German nation in the third war-year must sustain the greatest sacrifices and privation, but the exceptionally good harvest last pear proved that Germany cannot be vanquished by famine."

He declared that in spite of the mobilization of millions of men for war the industries of the country maintain a high position.

THEATRICAL

After five seasons of veritable triumph, Gus Hill comes back for a sixth season with his perennial success, Mutt and Jeff, in an entire new dress. The wedding is the title of the story that is to form a back-ground for Bud Fisher's inimitable characters which easily assume the credit of the greatest and most durable success of the cartoon world.

In this season's entertainment, there isn't a thing left but Mutt and Jeff. The story, music, lyrics, scenery and electrical effects are all new. Mr. Hill has selected a cast superior in every respect to any he has yet been able to offer. All in all Mutt and Jeff's Wedding will surely live up to the title of the one great big hit of the show world and it will go some.

It comes to the Academy Thursday, September 28, opening with a matinee. The matinee prices will be 25 cents and 50 cents. Children 25 cents to any seat. The night prices will be from 50 cents to $1. Tickets will go on sale at Plummer's tomorrow morning for both performances.

Big Musical Play Coming.

The Academy of Music management is most fortunate in having booked for matinee and night Saturday, September 30, "Linger Longer Lucy," with Mr. Billy S. Clifford in the title role supported by a clever company, each member of which is a star. When the season has closed at your local house and a review of the attractions, which have been seen throughout the season, has been made, something will be radically wrong if the press and the public alike do not give this company the credit for having the most finished production of dramatic work, comedy and musical ability that has ever been seen. For presenting a new bill, the success of this company has been nothing short of phenomenal, and in many instances the house record has been smashed all to pieces. Get busy and take this show in when it comes or the one best evening's pleasure of the season will have been missed.

A lady brass band and orchestra is carried with the company. The lady band will parade and play a free concert on the streets at 1 p. m. and again in front of the theatre at 7:15 p. m. Seats on sale at Plummer's Thursday, best seats $1.00, others 75 and 50 cents.

Bargain matinee at 3:30 p. m. Adults 25 cents and 50 cents, children 25 cents to any seat.

Good Attraction at Victoria.

The "Three Musical Kings," the headliner on this week's bill, with the Sunshine Girls Company at the Victoria theatre, is said to be the most wonderful and accomplished musical vaudeville team that has ever toured the South. For many years they worked exclusively in big vaudeville centers, and were only this season prevailed upon to connect themselves with a popular priced musical comedy company on a tour of the South.

As a matter of fact the Sunshine Girls Company is an all-star aggregation from top to bottom. Many will recall the Berg Sisters, that nifty singing and dancing pair; others have heard of Teck Murdock and Barney Kleeber. Then there is the Kennedy sisters—Iris and Helen—doing fancy dancing and singing.

The management has gone to considerable extra expense and trouble to bring this all-star company in for the coming week. It is under the personal direction of Mr. Arthur Hauks, a well known producer and vaudeville artist himself. Manager Arrington, of Rocky Mount, who played the company the past week, wired in Saturday that it was the best show he has ever played and adding "you can't boost it too strong."

And to make an especial appeal to the ladies, who will thoroughly appreciate this company and the shows they present, a lady will be admitted tonight free with each holder of a thirty-cent paid ticket. The management bespeaks their patronage this week with the personal guarantee that it will please.

Stirring Picture at Royal.

Suppose a man had persecuted you from the moment you entered this country—had taken your happiness, your husband, and finally sent you to prison—what would you do? In "Civilization's Child," today's great Triangle feature at the Royal, you will see the way Anna Lehr accepts the situation and the way she solves her problem. Perhaps you'd use some other method. Stirring indeed is this picture, which touch every human emotion.

Anna Lehr's presentation of this role ushers into the land of filmdom a new star unheralded. In this photoplay she shows more depth of appeal, more emotional artistic talent than most of the old-timers. She has succeeded beyond all expectations and with her big, melting gray eyes, loops of blonde hair and a tremulous mouth that betrays the slightest impression on her sensitive nature, she presents a picture that is at once appealing, sympathy arousing and beautiful.

Besides this new screen wonder you will see pretty Dorothy Dalton in this superb screen masterpiece, and also that strong and virile dramatic star, William H. Thompson, playing opposite her, also Barney Sherry.

The Keystone for today is "A Rough Knight," in two convulsive reels, starring that inimitable favorite, "Shorty" Hamilton, one of the greatest comedy artists on the screen, with an all-star Keystone support.

"The Stronger Love."

Beautiful with a beauty that seems transcendent, Vivian Martin in her latest Morosco-Paramount photoplay, "The Stronger Love," portrays a role that grips the heart strings.

Dressed in the tatters of Neil Servis, "a poor mountain white," she brings to this charming love story of the Kentucky mountains a sweetness and charm that soars above the conflicts and plans, battles and heartaches of this vigorous, outdoor photodrama, coming to the Grand today.

The many amazingly beautiful scenes of forest and mountain secured in the making of "The Stronger Love" have been transformed into animated masterpieces by the expert color-toning of the film.

To the perfection of the photographer's art has been added the realism of natural color tints, the golden browns of the forest, the emerald greens of the woodland, the pale silver blue of the moonlight and the crimson of the burning "still."

Neil Servis, born and raised in the feud mountains of Kentucky, gloried in the beauty of her little mountain-top world until the disturbing element of love came to play havoc in the hearts and lives of these strange people.

Above the great attraction of this vigorous, red-blooded photoplay, the beauties of the panoramic setting of this Morosco-Paramount production are marvelous.

"Liberty" at the Bijou.

"Liberty"—a name to bring up visions of enjoyment—a name that means more to Americans than life. "Liberty" also means the greatest serial story of the year, the second chapter of which is on as a headliner to a great all-star bill at the Bijou today.

You who saw the first great chapter of this serial last Monday will be there—and there will be many hundreds whom you have told about it during the past week. Never yet has a serial caused such universal satisfaction as "Liberty." The reason is that there are thrills enough to satisfy the most exacting along this line—in fact it is one continual thrill from beginning to end. Those who want a story of more depth, of more educational value are satisfied, for in "Liberty" you have the most wonderful delineation of life along the Mexican border that has ever been put on the screen.

With several hundred Wilmington boys now en route to the exact locale of this story, to do service along the border, this great serial possesses greatly added significance to Wilmingtonians. If you have a friend or a relatives going—see this great serial and learn what they will be up against when they get there.

Second only to "Liberty" is the fourth chapter of "Timothy Dobbs — That's Me," that great Universal serial starring inimitable Carter DeHaven in the leading role. "From the Rogue's Gallery" is the title of this chapter and you certainly don't want to miss it.

And there's still more—Pathe News with marvelous scenes, including the great wreck of the five thousand ton bridge at Quebec, Canada, last week, which caused the death of 20 people. A marvelous photograph was obtained, as cameramen had already been stationed to take pictures of the exercises of the completion.

VIVIAN MARTIN

The New Paramount Star in "The Stronger Love," at the Grand Today

DEPARTMENT STORE
NO! YOU CAN NOT LOOK AT THOSE HATS! COME ON HOME
NOW COME INTO THIS STORE WITH ME
AW! HAVE A HEART! THINK I'M A CAMEL!
WHY THERE'S MUTT

Scene from "Mutt and Jeff's Wedding," Academy of Music, Matinee and Night, Thursday, September 28th.

SAYS HE DID NOT EAT ENOUGH FOR BIRD TO LIVE ON

W. L. Dorsett Can't Find Words Strong Enough to Praise Tanlac For Good It Has Done Him.

"I didn't eat enough to keep a bird alive," said W. L. Dorsett, to the Tanlac Man, in describing his condition before he began taking Tanlac. "I never recovered from the effects of la-grippe and indigestion and catarrh, of the worst form, added to my ills and worries. I got in such state that I felt as if I had lost my stomach for I had no appetite at all, and no desire to eat for months.

"I was nervous and could not sleep well, and felt tired out nearly all the time. To take the medicines prescribed for me was like taking so much water. Then I read in the paper where Tanlac had helped a relative of mine, and, as he suffered about like me, I got my first bottle.

"And, don't you know, that from only a few doses of Tanlac I felt a great change for the better. I am now on my second bottle and it surprises all the folks to see how hungry I am at meal times. Any kind of food agrees with me; my sleep is sound and refreshing; that tired out feeling has left and so has nervousness; catarrh is much relieved; I gained three pounds the first week on Tanlac, and can't find words strong enough to recommend Tanlac for its great work in my case," finished Mr. Dorsett, a well known man of High Point, in which city he lives at 714 East Russell street.

Tanlac is sold in Wilmington exclusively at the Bellamy Drug Store; Acme, Acme Store Co.; Burgaw, C. L. Halstead; Southport, Watson's Pharmacy; Rocky Point, A. N. Rhodes & Co.; Supply, G. W. Kirby; New Bern, Bradham Drug Co.; Magnolia, W. L. Southall; Faison, Faison Drug Co.; Pembroke, G. W. Locklear. Each town has its Tanlac dealer.—adv.

SPEAKS ON WATERWAYS.

Mr. Small Says Greenville Should Have Water Transportation.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greenville, N. C., September 24.—Hon. John H. Small, this district's representative in Congress, addressed quite a gathering of Greenville citizens Friday night in the rooms of the Carolina Club. His chief subject was waterways, which is his pet theme. He insisted that Greenville should have water transportation, and to a great extent showed the possibility of such being carried into successful operation. He spoke of the inland waterways now being worked out, and illustrated their great value to eastern North Carolina, and the country at large. He told of the almost fatal mistake being made in neglecting the best and cheapest transportation facilities so vitally needed by our section. He made a good impression, but what the after effect will result in is problematical.

HON. R. N. PAGE AT CLINTON MAKES A MASTERLY SPEECH

Reviews Record of Democratic Party in Both State and Nation.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Clinton, N. C., Sept. 24. — In a masterly speech of an hour and a half, Congressman Robert N. Page, in the Court House in Clinton yesterday reviewed the record of the Democratic party in state and nation. Declaring at the outset that this was a campaign based on performance and not on promises, Mr. Page dwelt at length on the peace and prosperity that has followed in the wake of such glorious performance.

Mr. Page was not in the best of trim, nor did he have much to stimulate him in the way of a crowd, but his address made a good impression on the Sampson county folks who heard it. He stated that he was not before the people as a candidate for any office, and remarked on the fact that this was the first time in fourteen years that this is so. He simply believes with all his heart that the Democratic party is entitled to a return to power, and he is working for this consummation.

"The Republicans are without an issue and Frank Linney without a hope of success," said the speaker, as he referred to the state campaign. He was glad of the fact that the Republicans had caught at the straw which was most likely to drown them, our public school system. The only thing that the minority party in this state has done is to criticise, according to this speaker, they haven't offered a single constructive reason for the defeat of the democratic party in North Carolina.

Referring to Senator Clapp's recent speech in Clinton, Mr. Page called attention to the rather curious predicament in which the Senator must find himself. In his Clinton speech he ridiculed the rural credits law passed by the Democrats, when, as a matter of fact, he voted for it. Mr. Page wondered why Senator Clapp, who has been repudiated in Minnesota, should be in North Carolina making apologies for Senator Marion Butler.

COTTON "EXCHANGE" MOVED

Kinston Police Break up a Time Honored Practice in the Town.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Sept. 24.—The police yesterday shooed the local open-air cotton exchange off Queen street and in a few minutes' time accomplished something that no one dreamed could have been affected with so little effort. Right in the heart of the business district of Queen street, taking up one side of the wide thoroughfare, the "exchange" had been located for years and years. Yesterday the wagons lined up at one time numbered several score. With some little agitation for a change behind them, the authorities decided to bring about a reformation at one swoop. The mayor issued the order and the bluecoats corraled the whole big outfit on Gordon street. There is no semblance of permanency about the present arrangement, and the police predict that they will yet chase the exchange to a point several blocks removed from the business district. The cotton exchange on Queen street had stood since Kinston's village days.

MAY LEAD GREEK REVOLT.

Athens, Sept. 24.—Elitherios Venizelos, the former premier and Cretan statesman, was asked as to the truth underlying the repeated reports that he is going to Salonica to put himself at the head of a temporary revolutionary government. In reply he said: "I cannot answer now. I must wait a brief time and see what the government proposes to do before deciding on the course it will be best to adopt in the event that Greece does not enter the war.

"As I said on August 27th, if the King will not hear the voice of the people, we must ourselves devise what it is best to do. I do not know what that will be, but a long continuation of the present situation would be intolerable. Already we have suffered all the agonies of a disastrous war, while remaining neutral.

"We have had ten months of mobilization with all the consequent hardships to the families of the men mobilized, while both Balkan wars only included thirteen months, with greater funds available for the relief of the families of the soldiers."

GEO. W. PENNY SOLE AGENCY

The Shoe that Satisfies
UNION MADE
MEN'S $3.50 to $5.00 — BOYS' $2.50 to $3.50
Made by A. M. Hoyt Shoe Co. Manchester N.H.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Carroll building

ACADEMY
Thurs., Sept. 28—Matinee and Night.

ENTIRELY NEW PRODUCTION!
Matinee: 25 and 50c.; Children, 25c., Any Seat. Night: 50c, 75c and $1.00.
—— Tickets at Plummer's ——

WRIGLEY'S
THE PERFECT GUM

Let us make you acquainted with the new, luscious flavor—

It's all that the name suggests!

Wrigley quality—made where chewing gum making is a science.

Now three flavors:

Have a package of each always in reach

Don't forget WRIGLEY'S after every meal

WRAPPED IN UNITED COUPONS

645

Be Guided by Mothers Who Know

The comfort and secureness of the expectant mother is essential to the welfare of the future child. In exercising caution be guided by the experience of hundreds who have found in "Mother's Friend" a way to eliminate severe suffering and insure your own rapid recovery. It is easily applied and its influence over the effected ligaments is soothing and beneficial. Get it at any druggist. Send for the free book on Motherhood. Address

The Bradfield Regulator Co.,
209 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

When you can't get it anywhere else, just come to US. WE HAVE IT. If you can't come, call phone 126. It DOES NOT fret us when you try every other drug store before you come to us as a last resort. We can count on you coming to us FIRST, after that.

A FEW of the things advertised which WE carry in stock.
Nuxated Iron.
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and TEN THOUSAND other things. When you WANT a thing come to US.

Service unexcelled.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company
The Quality and Service House.

Special Prices

Hindoo 2-lb. Bagging.
New Cotton Ties.
Standard Burlaps Cotton Sheets.
Red Rust Proof Oats.
Burt or Ninety Day Oats.
Pink Salmon, New Pack.
Chum Salmon, New Pack.
Green Coffees, Bargains.
1,000 bbls. Fancy Patent Flour.
500 bbls. Standard Patent Flour.
Just Received, Large Lot New Pack Canned Vegetables.
Agents for SUPREME BRAND Canned Meats.
Get our Prices Now.

McNair & Pearsall
—WHOLESALE GROCERS—
Wilmington, N. C.

BIJOU

"LIBERTY"
Second Great Chapter—Ask Those Who Saw It Last Monday.
MOST THRILLING SERIAL EVER FILMED. ABSOLUTELY!

"Timothy Dobbs"
(THAT'S ME!)
Third Great Chapter of This Big Carter De Haven Comedy Serial.

Pathe News
Showing With Startling Realism the Great Quebec Bridge Disaster Last Week.

ROYAL

Anna Lehr
The Beautiful New Film Star, with Dorothy Dalton and William H. Thompson, in
"Civilization's Child"
Tense — Tender — Appealing. A Story You Won't Forget—Five Massive Reels.

SHORTY HAMILTON
And All-Star Keystone Support
—in—
"A Rough Knight"
Adults 15c - Children 10c

GRAND

Paramount Presents
Vivian Martin
THE "PETER PAN" GIRL
—in—
"THE STRONGER LOVE"
A Paramount Photoplay of Marvelous Depth—Of Enchanting Story—and of Beautiful Delineation.
THE STORY OF A LITTLE MOUNTAIN GIRL AND HER LOVE AFFAIRS.
The Kind of Story There Should be More Of.
Adults 10c - Children 5c

VICTORIA

TODAY AND TOMORROW
ARTHUR HAUK'S
SUNSHINE GIRLS
And Company Present
"LITTLE DOLLIE DIMPLES"
A Gay and Giddy Whirl of Laughter and Song.
Featuring
"Three Musical Kings"
Appearing at Every Performance
—Also—
HELEN AND IRISH KENNEDY.
TECK MURDOCK.
BARNEY KLEEBER.
THE BERG SISTERS

"Sunshine Girls Best Show I Have Played. You Can't Boost It Too Strong."—C. H. Arrington, Rocky Mount, N. C.

Ladies Free Tonight
A Lady Will be Admitted Free With Each Holder of a 30c. Ticket
Matinee: 3:00 . . . . . .10-20c
Night, 7:30 and 9:00 . .10-20-30c

The picture illustrates the $50 Columbia model.
Other models from $15 to $200.
Demonstrations at any time in our store or on approval in your own home.

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DRINK "BUCK"
The Best Family Beverage.
Pure, Wholesome, Non-Intoxicating. Local Distributors Wanted in All Cities. Attractive Proposition.
M. C. PRICE
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QUALITY Choice Cuts Western Meats VARIETY
SELECT DRESSED POULTRY. ALL KINDS OF FRESH VEGETABLES. BEACH ORDERS GIVEN SPECIAL ATTENTION.
DAVIS & HINTZE
FRONT STREET MARKET

Read Star Business Locals.

Baseball
Boating
Yachting
Angling

SPORTS

Motoring
Aeronautics
Tennis
Golf, Etc.

INDIANS BREAK RED SOX'S WINNING STREAK

Kavanaugh Knocks Home Run With All the Bases Filled.

Ehmke Twirls his Third Victory for the Tigers—White Sox Beat Yankees, Browns and Athletics Divide Honors.

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Detroit 6; Washington 5.
At Cleveland 5; Boston 3.
At Chicago 3; New York 1.
At St. Louis 0-3; Philadelphia 2-2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Washington at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Boston	86	60	.589
Chicago	85	64	.571
Detroit	85	65	.568
N w York	76	70	.521
Cleveland	77	72	.517
St. Louis	78	73	.516
Washington	72	74	.493
Philadelphia	34	113	.231

Cleveland, Sept. 24.—With the bases filled and one out in the fifth, Kavanaugh, batting for Boehling, hit a home run to left field, the ball rolling through a hole beneath the fence, and Cleveland defeated Boston today 5 to 3.

Boston scored twice in the fourth on a single by Lewis and a pass to Gardner, followed by singles by Scott and Carrigan. Gardner's single in the ninth followed by a pass, a hit batsman and a sacrifice fly scored Boston's last run.

Boston	000 200 001	3	6 2
Cleveland	000 040 01*	5	4 1

Leonard and Carrigan, Thomas; Boehling, Bagby and O'Neill.

Detroit, Sept. 24.—Howard Emke, the recruit from Syracuse, twirled his third victory for Detroit today, beating Washington 6 to 5. Jennings' men hammered Johnson's offerings without mercy, Cobb leading the attack with three singles and a two bagger in four times at bat. Cobb's double in the seventh, followed by Veach's single, which Rice misjudged, scored the wining run.

Washington	100 020 200	5	10 3
Detroit	121 010 10*	6	11 0

Johnson and Williams, Henry, Gharrity; Ehmke and Stanage.

Chicago, Sept. 24.—Chicago remained in the pennant race today by defeating New York 2 to 1 while Boston lost to Cleveland. The locals now are 2 1-2 games behind the league leaders.

Erratic fieldings by the visitors, coupled with opportune hitting by the locals, gave Chicago the game.

New York	100 000 000	1	5 3
Chicago	100 100 00*	2	4 1

Cullop, Russell and Walters; Williams and Lynn.

St. Louis, Sept. 24.—The game scheduled for tomorrow was advanced and played as part of a double header today, Philadelphia winning the first 2 to 0 and losing the second, 3 to 2.

In the first Seibold helped win his own game with a double that scored W. Johnson, who also doubled in the third. McInnis' triple scored Schang, who had walked in the seventh.

A wild throw by Picinich and Parnham's wild pitch enabled the locals to win the second.

Philadelphia	001 000 100	2	6 0
St. Louis	000 000 000	0	3 0

Seibold and Haley; Sisler and Hartley; Hale.

Second game:

Philadelphia	100 000 010	2	8 1
St. Louis	200 010 00*	3	6 1

Parnham and Picinich; Koob and Hartley.

THE BATTING LEADERS.

Four hits in four times at the bat in Sunday's game enabled Tyrus Cobb to gain six points on Tris Speaker in the race for American League honors, but the Georgian still is 22 points behind the Cleveland star. Speaker lost a point on one hit in four times up Sunday. Joe Jackson made one hit in three times at bat, and his percentage remained unchanged. There were no games in the National League. The standing:

American League.

	A.B.	H.	P.C.
Speaker	528	204	.386
Cobb	522	190	.364
Jackson	572	196	.342

National League.

Chase	522	174	.333
Wheat	538	173	.322
Daubert	438	138	.315
Hornsby	474	148	.312
Hinchman	529	165	.312

NATIONAL LEAGUE

RESULTS YESTERDAY

No games scheduled.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Pittsburg at Boston.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at New York.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct
Brooklyn	87	56	.608
Philadelphia	85	57	.599
Boston	79	58	.577
New York	78	62	.557
Pittsburg	65	80	.448
Chicago	64	82	.438
St. Louis	60	87	.408
Cincinnati	57	91	.385

MINOR LEAGUES.

American Association.

At Louisville, 5—2; Columbus, 2—1.
At Toledo, 3—3; Indianapolis, 4—2.
At Milwaukee, 4—2; St. Paul, 3—9.
At Kansas City, 2—4; Minneapolis, 3—4.

FOOTBALL SQUADS FACING WEEK OF STRENUOUS WORK.

Atlanta, September24.—With the opening of the football season in the South only six days distant, coaches this week are prepared to put their charges through a course of strenuous workouts. Scrimmage, which for the last ten days or two weeks, has been indulged in sparingly will be started generally in earnest.

Trials of candidates to fill holes left by graduation, and development of the coaches. McGugin at Vanderbilt new material are occupying most of is endeavoring to build up a new backfield around Captain Curry, while at Virginia much attention has been paid to finding a puncher to replace Thurman, now reported to be in the trenches in Europe.

At Auburn especial efforts are being devoted to full back candidates in hopes of getting some one who can take the place of Bidez.

At North Carolina and North Carolina A. & M., scrimmages kept the squads busy most of last week with a shift in the lines and back fields.

At Georgia Tech most of last year's stars have returned and hard work is under way.

The same story of need of new men to fill one or more important positions may be told of most institutions. Georgia needs a new quarter and South Carolina must fill several vacancies.

Columbus, O., September 24.—Grand Circuit racing will be resumed on the Columbus track tomorrow with a programme of four events. The principal one is the Chamber of Commerce $3,000 stake for 208 trotters, with Mabel Trask, Sister Strong, The Eno, Bacelli, Wanco, Harry J. S., Bonnington, and Peranza and McCloskey, listed as starters.

The Hague, September 24 (via London).—A steamer of the Batavia line was seized today by German warships and taken into Zeebrugge.

STAR SECOND BASEMAN OF THE WHITE SOX.

EDDIE COLLINS.

Star second baseman of the Chicago American League club, who is once more playing the form which made him famous as a member of the Athletic infield. Collins started the season very poorly and batted around .240 for a considerable time, but for the past few weeks he has been hitting a .350 slip. He has been largely instrumental in getting his team i nthe pennant race.

LEADERS SHOWED MORE STRENGTH DURING WEEK

Their Rivals Did Not Play as Well as in Week Before.

Will Require Extraordinary Playing to Overtake Suerbas and Red Socks—Pennants Are By No Means Clinched.

New York, September 24.—Unless the other teams in the National and American Leagues show unexpected strength Brooklyn and Boston will compete in the 1916 world's series. Although pennants are by no means clinched, Philadelphia and Boston, in the National, and Chicago and Detroit, in the American, did not play as good ball last week as Brooklyn and Boston, and the latter two gained advantages, of which it may be impossible to deprive them.

Of the two league leaders, Boston made the best showing during the week, ousting Detroit from first place and ending the week 28 points ahead of Jennings' men. Although Chicago moved into second place, it is further behind Boston than last Monday.

Recovering from its apparent slump, Boston won one of the seven games Chicago lost to the champions Sunday and Monday and Detroit dropped three games to Carrigan's men on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

The Detroit pitchers failed. Boston won from Cleveland Friday and Saturday.

Previous to their disastrous series against Boston, Detroit had broken even in two games with Philadelphia. The Detroit team won Friday from Washington but lost Saturday. Chicago, after losing to Boston, took two out of three from Philadelphia. New York fell before Chicago Friday and on Saturday defeated Detroit.

Not including today's game, Boston has eight more games to play, as follows: At Cleveland, September 26; at Boston against New York September 27, 28, 29 and 30, and against Philadelphia at Boston, October 2, 3, and 4. Detroit has four games remaining against Washington at Detroit, September 25, and at St. Louis, September 29 and 30, and October 1. Chicago meets New York at Chicago September 25, and Cleveland at Cleveland on September 28, 29 and 30, and October 1. Boston, with eight remaining games, has almost as many as Detroit, with four, and Chicago, with five, combined.

Brooklyn was ten points ahead of Philadelphia and 20 points in front of Boston at the beginning of the week and at the end was nine points in front of Philadelphia which was 22 points ahead of Boston. Beginning with an even break in a double header with Cincinnati on Monday, Brooklyn beat Cincinnati on Tuesday and then took three straights from St. Louis. In the double header Saturday against Chicago, Brooklyn broke even.

Playing hicago Monday and Tuesday, Philadelphia broke even. The Philadelphians then took three out of four from Pittsburgh and on Saturday took two from Cincinnati. Boston started well by taking two games from St. Louis on Monday and Tuesday. Cincinnati, however, took three straight from Boston on Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday. Against Pittsburg Saturday Boston won the first game and tied the second.

Beginning tomorrow, Brooklyn and Philadelphia each have 11 games yet to play and Boston has 15. Brooklyn has one double header, Philadelphia two and Boston six. Philadelphia meets both Brooklyn and Boston, but Boston and Brooklyn do not meet again. Brooklyn meets Chicago, September 25 (two games) 26 and 27; Philadelphia at Brooklyn September 28, 29 and 30, and New York at home on October 2, 3, 4 and 5. In addition to its series against Brooklyn, Philadelphia meets Cincinnati at home on September 26 an 26 and Boston at Philadelphia on October 2 (two games), 4 and 5. Boston, besides meeting Philadelphia, plays Pittsburgh at home in double headers on September 25 and 26 and plays at New York on September 28 (two games) 29 and 30 (two games).

The schedule permits Brooklyn to play all its remaining games at home. Boston may have some advantage in the greater number of games, but as there are six double headers and only three single games the going may prove rough for the Boston team who, unless they brace suddenly, are in danger of losing third place to New York, which is closer to Boston than Boston is to Brooklyn.

RED SOX LOSE WHILE WHITE SOX AND INDIANS MAKE GAINS

Chicagon September 24.—Boston lost ground today in the American League race by dropping a game to Cleveland while Chicago and Detroit won. The Champions are now two and a half games ahead of Chicago and three games ahead of Detroit. Boston still has eight games to play, Chicago five and Detroit four. Standing:

Club	W	L	Pct
Boston	86	60	.589
Chicago	85	64	.571
Boston	85	65	.568

There were no games played in the National League today, and the standing the clubs are not changed.

Athens, via London, Sept. 24.—Postal and telegraphic communication between Greece and Austria has again been suspended owing to the capture by the Entente forces of Florina. It is officially announced that the Bulgars, in evacuating Florina, made prisoner the Greek infantry there. Irritation with Bulgaria is growing rapidly here.

Mexico City, September 24. — The Finance Department has issued a circular giving the National Banks and the Bank of London and Mexico permission to reopen Monday and continue business under the direct supervision of government bank examiners.

The Greatest Vet.
Sunshine Girls—Victoria Today.

OVER 40 AEROPLANES DESTROYED IN FIGHTS IN PARTS OF FRANCE

(Continued from Page One.)

and isolated infantry engagements have taken place on the Austro-Italian front.

Violent Austrian attacks in the Carso region failed, according to Rome, but the Italian war office admits the blowing up o fa part of Mount Cimone by an Austrian mine and the relinquishment of the position by the Italians.

Vienna says that 427 prisoners fell into the hands of the Austrians as a result of this operation, and that an entire Italian company was buried in the explosion.

JENKIYA IS OCCUPIED BY BRITISH ON STRUMA FRONT

London, Sept. 24.—The British official communication from Saloniki, dealing with the operation on the Macedonian front, issued here tonight, says:

"On the Struma front, having crossed the river at three places, our troops occupied Jeklta, which had been set on fire, driving the enemy before them, and attacked Kara Dakovbala, where they met strong opposition. Our artillery entirely dispersed a counter attack from Navel-Jen.

"East of Nemhori, naval and field artillery successfully bombarded enemy trenches.

"On the Doiran front our patrols have shown great activity, but mist has hindered the artillery work."

PRO-ALLY DEMONSTRATION IN A GREEK CHURCH IN PARIS.

Paris, September 24.—The services in the Greek church in the Rue Georges Bizet were interrupted this morning by a Greek student who interposed an objection to the congregation praying for the king and royal family of Greece. At the end of the ceremony the student rushed into the pulpit and began to harangue the congregation.

This led to fistcuffs inside the edifice which later were resumed outside the church, where the congregation listened to speeches expressing gratitude to France, and then dispersed cheering France and Greece.

FACTORIES IN ALSACE ARE ATTACKED BY FRENCH AIRMEN.

Paris, September 24 (via London, September 25.—The communication issued by the war office this evening says in regard to aviation:

"Aviation: During the night of Saturday, seven of our aeroplanes dropped 46 bombs of 120 millimeters and four of 150 millimeters on factories in the districts of Rombach and Thionville (Alsace-Lorraine). Captain De Beauchamps and Lieutenant Daucort, each piloting a machine, started at 11 o'clock Sunday morning from their aerodome and dropped 12 bombs on Essen, Westphalia. They returned safely to their starting point, after a flight of 500 miles.

"Friday night a Zeppelin flew over the Calais district. It was violently bombarded by our anti-aircraft batteries and driven off without having dropped a projectile."

SERBIANS MAKE PROGRESS AND TAKE SOME PRISONERS

Berlin, Sept. 25.—British troops yesterday attacked strong Bulgarian forces north of Koprivad, in Greek Macedonia, says an official French statement issued today. The Serbians made progress northwest of Kaimakcalan and took some prisoners. Northwest of Florina the French forces advanced and repulsed a strong Bulgarian attack on Hill 1550.

GERMAN AIRMEN DESTROY 29 ENTENTE AEROPLANES

Berlin, Sept. 25. (via Sayville).—The great battle on the Somme front in France, says today's official statement given out at German army headquarters, is again in full swing. French attacks last night near Courcelette, Rancourt and Bouchevesnes are said to have failed. "In numerous air battles, the statement adds, German pilots shot down 29 Entente aeroplanes, the Germans losing six.

TEUTONS TAKE 700 PRISONERS IN ATTACK BY THE RUSSIANS

Berlin, Sept. 24, (via Sayville).—Strong Russian forces made repeated attacks yesterday on the Austro-German positions north of Zboroff, between the rivers Sereth and Stripa in Galicia, says the German official statement issued today. Russians pentrated the German lines near Manaov but were driven out by a counter attack, leaving more than 700 prisoners and seven machine guns in the hands of the Teutons.

ITALIAN TROOPS WITHDRAWN FROM MONTE CIMONE SUMMIT

Rome, via London, Sept. 24.—The withdrawal of Italian troops from the summit of Monte Cimone, on the Trentino front, after the explosion of Austrian mines, is admitted in the Italian official report issued today. It is added, however, that the abandoned position is under a curtain of fire from the Italian artillery.

NUMEROUS AIR FIGHTS ON THE SOMME FRONT

(Continued from Page One.)

in the region of Andreohy, one in our lines.

A Flokker fell flaming near our lines north of Chalons. Another was apparently seriously damaged.

"In the Verdun region machine guns winged a German at close quarters. The machine descended on Poivre Hill. A Flokker dived vertically into our lines east of St. Michael.

"In Lorraine a French pilot pursued a German for a distance of 12 miles into the German, killed the passenger and compelled the machine to descend. Another enemy machine descended in the forest of Gamecy. In the Vosges two enemy machines dived nose downward into our lines, after fighting our pilots."

WHOLESALE JEWELRY THEFT

Robbers Defy Hourly Visits of Watchman to Jewelry Store.

Baltimore, September. 24.—Defying detection from the hourly visits of a night watchman, cracksmen early today chiseled their way into inner recess of a 3,000 pound safe in the jewelry store of Steman & Worwig and escaped with gems valued approximately at $15,000. The burglars cut through the flooring and ceiling of the second floor and used a rope to lower themselves directly in front of the safe.

Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 24.—The effect psychology may have on the testimony of witnesses in the criminal cases which come to trial long after the acts alleged, will be described in court by Prof. Hugo Munsterberg, of Harvard University, during the trial of Albert J. Roper, of Boston, charged with the murder of his father, Albert Roper, of Tewksbury, a florist of national reputation.

Ad-itorial from the New Bon Marche

"A Thirty Day Credit System"

There are several distinct classes of Charge Customers. Only one of these classes is considered desirable by this store.

There's the person who has things charged without ever considering where the money to pay for same will come from. As a rule, this class only has one account at a store—and it's still running.

Then, there's the man who would like to pay, but buys beyond his means. He strives and strives, and never gets out of debt. He worries far more about what he owes than his creditors. He is usually honest and a hard worker, but just got behind, and has never been able to catch up.

Then, there's the person who has plenty of money, property, etc., and knows that she is good for it, and takes her time to pay her debts—sometimes letting them run four to six months, without a thought about the Merchants' side of it, or his inconvenience.

Then, there's another class—the only one that makes a Credit Business worth while—the person who pays promptly—or before the middle of the month following the purchase of the merchandise.

Will Open Accounts With Responsible People

This store will open accounts with responsible people, who can and will give the proper references, provided they agree to the strict rule of payment in full before the 15th of the month after purchase has been made.

Goods Marked on Cash Basis

This is the only basis upon which we will do credit business, because we have marked our merchandise to sell at CASH prices, and cannot afford to sell on long time credit, no matter how good the account may be.

Prompt Pay Makes Credit Good With Association

The Merchant who does a long time credit business must either be over-capitalized or put an extra amount of profit on his merchandise, in order to make up for the interest he must pay the Banks, in order to tide him over.

If you would consider it in the same light as the business man does his obligation at the bank—and endeavor to keep your credit good, so that when the Merchant called the Association, and asked, "Is Mrs. Jones' credit good?" the answer would come back: "Oh, yes; she pays all bills promptly," then, indeed, would the Credit business be a pleasant one for both interested parties.

Experience That Was Costly

It has taken years of experience, and costly experience at that, to bring our Credit system up to the point of efficiency that it now stands—and we mean to make use of that experience in conducting our Credits here.

Watch and Wait for Informal Opening

Thursday's papers will tell date of Informal Opening. Be sure to read them in this same space.

Wilmington **Bon Marche** Asheville

TWO BIG ZEPPELINS REDUCED TO RUINS

(Continued from Page One.)

heard in many districts where the raiders were visible. It is not believed that more than two or three invading Zeppelins which crossed the east coast succeeded in reaching the environs of London, and that two of these paid the death penalty gives the greatest satisfaction to the military authorities. Apart from the loss of material, the casualties of the last two raids, it is believed, will have a depressing effect on the morale of the Zeppelin crews in the future.

Londoners Jubilant.

Londoners were jubilant today, but there was not the same exultant enthusiasm as three weeks ago ,indicating that the destruction of giant sky raiders is already taken as an ordinary incident in this unusual world-war.

The fact that the airships were brought down well outside of London, both last night and September 3, shows the care with which the defenses have been developed. The efficiency in dealing with the raiders was further evidenced by the speed with which the searchlights picked up the first raider that appeared above the suburbs about midnight. Suddenly a searchlight beam shot into the star lit sky. Three more dazzling shafts followed and within 15 seconds the whirring airships were caught in the toils and the guns began sending up shrieking shrapnel shells.

For a minute or two the raider kept its course, then wavered, turned partly away and suddenly dissolved apparently into thin air. Evidently the Zeppelin was beclouded in the smoke and the lights lost her completely.

In the meantime, however, bombs were dropping and red flares were visible as they hit the earth. Then the city was quiet for an hour, the search lights flashing only occasionally in the hunt for raiders.

All London within sound of the guns and bombs was out to see the spectacle and almost despaired of further excitement when well to the eastward a tiny glow appeared low in the sky. It looked first like the moon rising red in its last quarter from behind a cloud bank. From the city it appeared to hang stationary for a minute or more, then glowing redder and redder, slowly turned to the perpendicular and streaked into the gloom of the smoky night ground mist.

Cheered the Gunners.

To the watches in Essex, however, the spectacle of the flaming falling Zeppelins had all the thrills of excitement which marked the end of the L-21 and they cheered the gunners and their fortunate shots that brought the raiders to earth.

London expected the attack of last night, the Germans evidently having selected Saturday for their greatest efforts.

But a bright moon deterred any attempt since three weeks ago when 13 raiders came over the sea. The change from the unlucky 13 to 12 last night brought, however, worse rather than better luck to the flying squadron.

New and Large Types.

From the moment the first Zeppelin appeared it was evident that the raiders were of the new and large types. This has been borne out by the two brought down.

One of the burning Zeppelins in falling crashed through a row of trees in Essex, two of which pierced the lattice work of the envelop supports. The village fire engine was quickly on the scene and began putting water on the blazing wreck. Police constables and volunteers removed the bodies as rapidly as possible.

Some of these were charred beyond recognition while others were still white and recognizable. All appeared to be young men, well clad and wearing the remnants of stout feather coats and shoes of rather poor quality, which is taken here to indicate that good footwear is not plentiful in Germany.

Thousands Journey to Essex.

Today thousands of persons journeyed to Essex to view the wrecks but quick precautions prevented souvenir hunters from making away with everything detachable. There were many sightseers who also viewing the damaged outskirts of the city.

From the number of bombs dropped both explosives and incendiary the authorities wonder why the casualties were not greater. The Zeppelins seemed abundantly supplies with ammunition.

PROTEST AGAINST SEIZURE OF THE PALAZZO DI VENEZIA

Cardinal Gasparri Sends Note to Allied Representatives

Berlin, Sept, 24, (via Sayville).—The text of a note addressed by Cardinal Gasparri, papal secretary of state, to diplomatic representatives of the Entente Allies and against the seizure by the Italian government of the ancient Palazzo Di Venezia in Rome, is published by a Swiss news agency, says a dispatch to the Overseas News Agency. The Palazzo was formerly used by the Hungarian minister accredited to the Holy See. The note concludes:

"The seizure of palaces of residence of a representative of a foreign power to the Holy See, includes an insult to the Holy See, and a violation of the right of representation based on treaty. This act furnished a new proof of the abnormal position of the Holy See and the undersigned cardinal (Gasparri) is obliged by the holy father solemnly and formally to protest."

RECRUITS CARRANZA MEN.

El Paso, Texas, Sept. 24.—Pancho Villa is assembling an army of more than five thousand men within fifteen miles of the city of Chihuahua and is receiving hundreds of recruits daily from Carranza garrisons, according to reports received here today from interior Chihuahua points. A new attack on Chihuahua City by Villa is believed imminent by the people of that capital, and an exodus of civilians from the city has been progressing all day. All reports from interior Mexico tell of a general peon rally to Villa's cause. It is said Villa is stronger in men, munitions and supplies now than at any time since the recognition of the Carranza government.

Ladies Free Tonight.
At Victoria—See Advertisement.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year; $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina. Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 61. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted, and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

MONDAY, SEPT. 25, 1916.

This ought to be the greatest grape growing country on the whole Atlantic. That's all.

Big Business will support Hughes because Big Business knows that he will support it.

Lost in the shuffle—Judge Hughes' way of handling strikes. New York will pay a reward for it if it is any good.

A South Carolina contemporary editorializes on the fighting over Dubrudja, but down in the Palmetto state the great fight still goes on over Calico.

Carranza claims that his army can cope with Villa and his bandits, but Uncle Sam would rather know that the Carranza army can coop Villa and his cutthroats.

That other way to avert and stop strikes certainly ought to be tried in New York. If Judges Hughes has a way to put strikes out of business, why does he not lend it to New York?

Packing houses have succeeded everywhere they have been established in the South. What other Southern communities have done, surely live communities in Eastern North Carolina can do. The fact is Eastern North Carolina ought to do everything better than it can be done elsewhere. If not, why not?

Either Wilson or Hughes will be elected in about six weeks, so those who expect to send a Wilson-Marshall campaign subscription to The Star had better do so today or as early as possible. There is hardly any use to argue about the necessity of it, but the Columbia State indulges in this argument and rests the case: "If Hughes should be elected and should appoint negro postmasters it will then be too late to contribute to the Wilson campaign fund."

A telephone girl has been in service for 24 years at Columbus, Ohio, and she has heard something like 3,000,000 conversations. One grand thing about her is that she refuses to be a gossip and gad about whispering those conversations into the willing ears of the "do-tell-it" class. She is getting lots of publicity in the newspapers concerning her efficiency, discretion and amiability, and it's a cinch that she will get about 10,000 proposals to marry while you wait.

In the case of the railway trainmen, arbitration was looked upon as arbitrashun. In the case of the street car men in New York, the metropolitan railways also look upon it as arbitrashun. When either one side or both sides shun arbitration, how is Judge Hughes going to apply the principle about which he theorizes? Of course, he knows he could not apply it. He is just talking that sort of nonsense to win the votes of those who he thinks can be influenced by that sort of buncombe.

President Wilson ought to patent his way of settling strikes before the Republicans claim that the idea was hatched out 'steen years ago. They are claiming that they thought of the Federal Reserve Banking system first, but they devoted about fifty years to thought and wasted all their time on a monstrous tariff that cooked the goose of their party in 1912. Probably the people have an idea that any banking system that the Republicans might have devised during the last fifty years would have been one with Wall Street as the banker. Wall Street may be all right in its way, but it's no fit partner for the people's government at Washington. Bankers ought to be loyal to the government instead of expecting it to be loyal to them.

OPPORTUNITIES SHIPPED AWAY AS FREIGHT.

The Star congratulates those gentlemen who have invaded Smith's Island, otherwise known as Palmetto island and Bald Head, to cut away and ship away its long neglected wealth of red cedar growth. Of course, they saw a good thing and they are to be envied and congratulated upon getting a cinch for themselves. Nevertheless, we want to do a little calamity howling on our own hook. They are to be congratulated but we are not. We desire to emit a few howls because this community let George do the thing and get the congratulations. We haven't earned any congratulations in this connection, but it is up to us to deplore the fact that George saw it first and got our community goat.

Of course, we can't blame good-eyed folks who come along and see our splendid resources and tap them for themselves. Our timber resources are fine and there are great opportunities in them for us, but others are coming along and shipping them away as freight. In fact, we are shipping away more of our opportunities than lucky strangers are doing. We are busily drawing upon our forest resources for timber and lumber to be shipped away to distant points where much of the raw material and primary product is being converted into the finished products in which lies the most wealth. We ought to do all that in Wilmington but we are not utilizing our timber resources as we should nor do we seem to give the least thought as to the conservation of our forests and the immense wealth that is in them.

The Star has time and again tried to wake up Eastern North Carolina on this subject, and it has at times pointed out the opportunities for wood working plants and lumber consuming industries, and as to the matter of forest conservation, the necessity for it has often been emphasized. The Butters Lumber Company, of Boardman, Columbus county, has even given us a good example with a system of conservation that has been worth nearly a million dollars a year in the timber growth upon which its lumber mill depends from the company's long leaf pine tracts, still yielding mill timber after more than 30 years of operation. The lamented Mr. E. G. Wright informed us of that fact, for he made conservation a part of his system of managing the great lumber industry at Boardman. What a great misfortune is the death of such a man!

We are as busy as bees neglecting forest conservation and making freight of the wealth of our forests. We cannot utilize all our timber and wood material, of course, but we can utilize millions of dollars worth of it every year. We could ship some of it away as ready cut house building parts and frames, and we could build freight cars and manufacture and house material and operate all kinds of wood working plants which turn out manufactured products complete. We could at least convert some of our timber into paper.

Our cedar is being shipped away to be manufactured into chests and cabinets and other household necessities and our gum timber is being freighted away to be manufactured into doors, window frames, mantels and wainscoting for fine buildings. However, it is impossible to go into all the details of the opportunities that we are shipping away as freight, though we are building some ships but ought to build more and a whole lot of other things besides.

Well, we are shipping away many opportunities as freight, but there are a lot that we can't loosen up and ship. They stay here for us if we will seize them. We can at least utilize the opportunities that it is impossible for us to ship. Nevertheless, we are beginning to do about, but we ought to quit kissing our raw materials boodbye—and there are a lot of them at that.

We never can ship away the resourceful region that lies all around Wilmington, at least 5,000,000 acres of it in which there are matchless resources for the production of foodstuffs and meat animals, in addition to what our forests and swamps and cleared lands have in store for us. God laid them at our door and we are "the servants in the vineyard" right in the midst of the most verastile and advantageous portion of the Nation's Garden Spot.

We are coming, nevertheless, but we will have to keep on coming. The Wilmington pioneer boys are waking us up but we ought to get our eyes open good and wide and no longer give ourselves a soporific imitation of Rip Van Winkle. Old Rip finally woke up but he let his dog die and his shooting iron fall into decay. The packing house pioneers have waked us up to the opportunity for a meat packing plant industry for Wilmington. We let George see all that cedar on Bald Head, but we ought to see in at least ten rich counties the great resources for more farm production and all the adaptabilities and advantages for a live stock industry that will make Wilmington the South's greatest meat packing city. If we can't see it our dog will die on us and our gun will fall to pieces—lock, stock and barrel.

A Democratic Congress sprung the idea of handling strikes by legislation. The strike to which legislation was applied in a "cowardly" but wise manner went out of business, but a great strike in New York is now lying around waiting for the imaginary way devised on the stump by a pdesidential candidate and elaborated by street corner statesmen.

THE PUBLICITY GAME

Another era of community publicity seems to have come and many localities are seeking to get into the limelight in some shape or other. It is owing to how they are going to do it whether they will get results or not. Community advertising flourishes a while and then wanes because the right kind has failed of adoption. It is spasmodic for the reason that results have not been secured for the money spent. Advertising pays when it is done right, but it never pays to give publicity to nothing. It pays to give publicity to something.

When a business man advertises he advertises something or other. It is a clean cut business proposition with him. Therefore, when cities or localities advertise they should advertise something. They must have something to advertise if they are to expect results. Advertising nothing gets nothing, yet a definite purpose, a fixed object, a settled plan or a purposeful proposition is bound to appeal to capital, investors and promoters. Capital always is seeking opportunities and the potential emphasis to be laid upon them is to call attention to the possibilities in them. When it is desired to advertise resources they should be named along with the possibilities in them. Capital has eyes that are looking for opportunities with the possibilities in them for profit.

We noticed recently a page advertisement of a city which played up its climate and ignored the resources to go along with the climate. If it was climate the place was advertising, the publicity given to it failed to state whether the climate could be capitalized for winter resorts or summer resort purposes. Unless climate can be so capitalized it is only incidental to the advantages of a community. It is only a side issue, whereas resources, opportunities and possibilities definitely stated are the main thing. Capital wants to know about something from which it can make a profit. If it is climate that is being advertised, capital will want to know how it can make some money on climate.

As a general thing, capital is not looking for climate. It is looking for resources and investment propositions. Capital will go into the frozen regions of Alaska for gold and copper and coal, regardless of the climate. Capital will go to the arid regions of Mexico and take chances on climate and insurrectionaries if there are mining opportunities to be had. Capital is wild about resources and opportunities and possibilities, but climate is a secondary consideration, unless some money can be made out of it.

We say this because every year or two, Southern communities waste hundreds of thousands of dollars in advertising—just advertising nothing, or anything in general and nothing in particular. We recently picked up a Northern magazine and read a costly advertisement of a Southern city and there was not a thing in it to make capital or promoters sit up and take notice. To our own knowledge that locality was surrounded by the richest of resources, but they were not mentioned. The main thing that should have been advertised was not advertised, the fact being overlooked that investors know that there are fine opportunities in resources of various kinds. Capital is particularly interested in all definite plans and objects for the development of such resources, but in the advertisement to which we refer neither resources nor plans nor propositions were advertized.

It is a waste of money to advertise in that way, yet it is kept up. Advertisers want results but they can't get them unless they advertise something. If communities have resources and opportunities to give publicity to, they should advertise, but if they have none, it is no use to advertise. Many do not advertise their resources, or opportunities, or adaptabilities, or advantages, because they don't know what they are. Even if they do know and don't advertise them when they advertise, what good is the publicity for which they pay out good money?

Capital has a scent for profitable propositions. Capital isn't going to trail up indefinite things nor pipe dreams, but it will get hot on the trail of resources and opportunities and propositions and definite objects. Knowing what they are and knowing how to give publicity to them is the real game. There are two ways to advertise—one way that will get something and another way that will get nothing.

The right kind of publicity scheme is what advertising localities need. If they haven't got it, they ought to get it. It is not a spread-eagle game but a studied, methodical and effectual system to be planned right and effectively carried out. Fake advertisers have nothing of that sort, so communities need not bother with their N. G. schemes.

TAXATION VALUES IN NORTH CAROLINA

The Republicans in North Carolina recognize the fact that taxation always is a sore spot, so they are touching the sore spot of the average citizen with the hope of making a Republican of him. Nobody loves to pay taxes and certainly there should be no unnecessary tax burden on the people. Taxes are necessary in the public interest because that is what each citizen contributes to his government with a with a view of getting law and order, good schools and public benefactions and improvements of various kinds. Progress calls for continuously larger public expenditures, but progress is worth a great deal more than it costs in taxes, even if they appear to be excessive—if they really are.

However, taxes are not near so excessive as politicians make out like they are. The highest tax in the world is a tax paid to a state or national government which does not give the public anything in return for their money. Nobody in North Carolina recollects any public assets that the Republicans ever left to the people or to their state when the Republicans had a chance to do great things in both the Reconsturction and Fusion periods of their dominancy. The Republican party never made itself a blessing to either North Carolina or its people, but, on the contrary, that party was a curse to the State and all its people.

Therefore, if taxes are either high or low the people know better than to trust them to a Republican State administration. The higher the taxes the greater the dread there would be of the party which always has despoiled the State and never has contributed to its progress. North Carolina progress has been achieved under Democratic government, so if the people have any tax complaints they will carry them to the party which deserves credit for making North Carolina a great State. They could never expect any kind of relief or progress from a party which is as barren of goodly record as the desert of Sahara is of grass.

Nevertheless, North Carolina Republicans are actively endeavoring to dissatisfy the people with the increase in land values, as raised by the Corporation Commission, to which the people look for the values upon which to raise taxes in order to meet the expense of a State that is growing along every line and developing greater industrially, agriculturally and socially. North Carolina is not in the ruts of the past, but she has expanded in every particular. Naturally we could not expect to conduct the affairs of a greater North Carolina on the tax schedules of the days of State prostration.

The people of the State are prepared to believe that the Corporation Commission has looked wisely after their interests, and they know that if they cannot trust to it to do so there would be no hope of relief under the delinquent Republican party that asks for confidence when it never has deserved any in the past and has no reason to be trusted in the future.

It is explained by the Corporation Commission that if the people really know how well they have been treated by the commission in comparison with its treatment of the railroads, they will not listen to political disturbers in this campaign. In 1891, when the commission was organized, the property of the railroads and other public service corporations in the State was valued for taxation at $12,321,704. Last year the commission assessed that property at $141,359,299, an increase over 1891 of 1,047 per cent. That was a stupendous raise, but everybody knows that the previous assessment was absurd on the face of it.

In 1891, land was valued for taxation in North Carolina at $155,079,648. Last year this same land was valued at $419,910,289, an increase over 1891 of 170 per cent. Thus, while the railroads and corporations stood a raise of 1,047 per cent, land values were increased only 170 per cent. The commission has been endeavoring to set values right in North Carolina, so that property shall bear a just tax and yet not bear heavily upon the people, as the lower the values the greater, necessarily, will be the rate of taxation.

The previous ridiculous assessment of property in North Carolina gave this State the poorest showing of all the states at the last census, when the per capita wealth of North Carolina was the lowest of all the states. Does anybody believe that North Carolina is the Lazarus of the Union? We can't say how far values should be increased, but a body like the Corporation Commission should be capable enough to investigate and settle that matter for the State.

Under no circumstances could the Republican party be expected to do what the intelligent Democracy of the State has done to better the status of the of the State and secure more justice for her as well as more credit for her in the eyes of the world. Anyhow, it would be a groundhog case if we had to depend upon the Republicanism that cannot be trusted again in this State.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The news that the Southern is to build another great repair shop at Spencer—a concrete building six hundred feet long, is gratifying news. This means that more men will employed by the Southern in North Carolina. These skilled mechanics command high wages, and the more of such we get in this State, the better off we all are.—Greensboro Record.

Those who lament the fact that public discussion in the present campaign has been vapid and not abusive, so far as the Republicans are concerned, have Mr. Hughes to blame for it. When he resigned from the bench to become a candidate he discarded judicial dignity with as little ceremony as a coal-heaver might drop his shovel after a quarrel with his boss. His telegram of acceptance to the National convention was shockingly vituperative and in some respects mean. Most of his speeches throughout the country since then have been pitched in the same wretched key. Instead of elucidation and argument, we have had sneers and jeers. For a president beset on all sides by problems of unprecedented difficulty there has been no helpful word. In foreign as well as domestic affairs of the utmost delicacy, the candidate, without avowing a policy of his own, has not hesitated to gain a ribald laugh or cheer by innuendo and insinuation unworthy alike of himself, his position and his country.—New York World.

IT IS NOW UP TO FARMERS

Farm Demonstrator J. P. Herring Makes Valuable Suggestions For The Growing of Stock.

To The Editor of The Star:

Our Farmers are delighted over the organization of a Packing Company for Wilmington. I have been out with the promoters—the young men of our city who have caught the vision of a greater Wilmington and a more prosperous and happy rural community—and there is no doubt that the farmers are enthusiastic over its establishment. They will supply the Plant with pork and beef.

Now it is up to the farmers to make the market furnished by the plant profitable to them. To do this we must change our farm operations, to some extent. We have all our lives been killing grass and now we must "right about face" and grow grass. For years Mr. A. L. French, one of the best stock men in North Carolina, has been preaching, through the Progressive Farmer, to us to quit working ourselves to death killing grass and instead to grow grass and become independent by marketing it through stock. He and others in our State have succeeded in doing this, and now, that we have a market, there is no reason why we cannot do the same thing.

So, in the first place, we must get into our heads the fact that stock raising is a profitable business and that it should be a part of our farm business rather than a side line. Then go about it in an intelligent and practical way. It seems to me the practical and intelligent way is to grow into it. Start a permanent pasture now and buy a hog or sow of the breed you intend to raise and start growing into stock raising at once. In a surprisingly short time, and with the least expenditure of capital, you will find yourself a successful stockman. I know we have some farmers who have experience and can get into it on a large scale in a short time. Let these experienced men furnish the plant until the other fellow can grow into the business. The experienced man will make some money and the inexperienced man will not lose any by this plan.

Now, I advise starting a permanent pasture which is necessary if we succeed in making money on stock, so I am submitting several grass mixtures that have proven to be suited to the soils and climatic conditions in eastern North Carolina.

For the sandy loam soils that are well drained these three mixtures have given fine results:

No. 1.

Tall meadow grass	7 Lbs.
Red Top	8 Lbs.
Orchard grass	7 Lbs.
Mammoth (spalding) clover	5 Lbs
White Clover	3 Lbs.
Per acre. Total	30 Lbs.

No. 2.

Orchard grass	13 Lbs.
Red top	8 Lbs.
Japan clover	5 Lbs.
White Clover	4 Lbs.
Per acre. Total	30 Lbs.

No. 3.

Burr clover—4 bushels in burr.
Japanese 5 pounds.
Bermuda grass, using the runner in open furrow 2 feet apart, covered with harrow.

For bottom loam or lowland in eastern North Carolina the following mixture is giving good results.

Red top	7 Lbs.
Orchard grass	9 Lbs.
Tall meadow oat grass	7 Lbs.
Arsike clover	4 Lbs.
White clover	3 Lbs.
Per acre. Total	30 Lbs.
	30 Lbs.

I do wish the farmers could see that they need these pastures as much as they need any crop they are now growing, and that with the market this plant will furnish and for the time and labor expended, it will give greater profits. We farmers and grass have been enemies long enough; let's make friends and feel better and have more.

With a good pasture, and by growing rape, rye, crimson clover and burr clover in the fall and winter, rape, soy beans, velvet beans, cow peas, peanuts, potatoes, chufas and corn in spring and summer, we can make big money on stock. Every one of these grasses and clovers are now growing in our county so we have no fear along this line.

So, Mr. Farmer, let's get down to business at once by starting into the stock business right; then, by keeping right, all will end right.

Any farmer desiring bulletins on the growing of pastures, or any of these crops, can secure them by writing to the Department at Raleigh, or if they will send me their address and the special bulletin they want, I shall be glad to attend to it for them.

It is certain that the farmer who grows his pastures and own feed will be greatly benefited by this packing plant; but the man who produces stock for it raised on western feed will be a knocker of the plant.

I have a vision. As I go through the county I see here and there a farm home with a splendid lawn on which are growing beautiful pecan trees as shade, conveniently arranged house in a bower of flowers. This home is lighted with electricity and has all the comforts that any city home may have. To the right, in a conveniently constructed barn, there are some of the finest stock, cows, pigs, sheep, chickens and ducks one ever dreamed of; while on the left there is growing the finest crops of every kind one can name. In this home the children are all happy and well, and, best of all, there is a farmer's wife whose life is not one of drudgery and toil day in and day out, week in and week out, year in and year out; she has time for a spin in her machine and time to attend the Community Betterment league, etc.; yes, a farmer's wife who would not change her life with any city lady.

The opportunities are here and we cannot deny this fact. Shall we use them?

Yours truly,
J. P. HERRING.

Greenville, N. C., Sept. 24.—The explession of the gas tank of a coffee making device in a Greek restaurant, on Dickinson avenue today, caused a fire alarm to be sent in. But the fire was extinguished before the department got upon the scene. The damage was very small and the price of coffee percolated, has not taken on war prices on that account.

Boxes of 12
Bottles of 24
Bottles of 100

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

There is only one true Aspirin. To guard against counterfeits and substitutes, remember that every package and every tablet of *the genuine* bears

"The Bayer Cross" (BAYER) *Your Guarantee of Purity"*

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Office) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

HEALTH IS WEALTH
by John B. Huber, A.M., M.D.

Dirt, debt and the devil are three bad things; and while the latter, serpent-like, may wriggle in, the two former may be kept out by hard work, honesty and scrubbing brushes.—SPURGEON.

Infection Centres.

SOME of the specific germs in those baneful centres which we mentioned yesterday will be found mixed with the germs of other diseases. This is "mixed infection," a much graver condition than a straight out and out infection. That is why, for instance, some people die of pneumonia, no matter how skillfully they have been treated and nursed; in such cases pus germs have combined malignly with the pneumococcus. Mixed infection is what makes tuberculosis the fatal malady consumption; a pure out and out tuberculosis is rarely fatal.

Here are some data in point: Practically every case of pleurisy that is not promptly and properly healed is followed by pulmonary tuberculosis. The man with a deranged pancreas is pretty sure to develop tuberculosis. A boy had his thumb crushed in an accident; pus developed in the wound; ten days after he suffered rheumatism, which "went to the heart;" the pus from that boy's wound produced rheumatism in a guinea pig. A girl suffering from chorea (St. Vitus Dance), had been treated by medicines, and ineffectually, for weeks; she also had a tonsilitis, an infected tonsil; five weeks after this latter was extirpated she was cured of her chorea. And so on.

Here are very scientific, that is reliable, facts; and they are based on most logical premises. The natural conclusion is that if one is to be cured of any disease arising out of an infection focus, that focus has, like the canker in the fruit, to be sought out and if possible got rid of, as the first step to any sensible treatment. That is why all people, in mature life anyway, should go to their doctors as they go, or ought to go, to their dentists, at least once a year for a thorough overhauling. Only thus can the doctor, and perhaps also the surgeon he calls into consultation, learn how properly to remove any disease that has taken hold in the system. Obviously such periodic examinations would make things pick up "some considerable" for the doctor; but there should be no harm in that, because the benefit to the patient would be infinitely greater.

STOMACH ULCER.

S. A. W. writes: I am now 68 years old. I find I am getting weaker every day. I have lost 25 pounds. I have pain in my head, not an ordinary headache, but a pressure over the forehead at the top of the skull. It causes a feeling as if I were about to plunge forward when I start to walk. I have to walk fast to keep my equilibrium. I spit blood which I have been told comes from my stomach and liver. I have not been able to walk for two years. I am not able now but I shall try and go north next week and see if I can work. My work is in tobacco. Some shops are badly ventilated, with drafts, etc., and smoke and tobacco dust to inhale.

Answer: You would seem to have a stomach ulcer. For this you should receive dietetic and other treatment through months. Your weakness and loss of weight, your headaches and unsteadiness of gait, are such that of course you cannot reasonably think of work. At your age you are entitled to rest; surely you have earned it. Of course working in a tobacco factory is utterly out of the question. Besides the trouble mentioned you may have arteriosclerosis, or chronic bronchitis or kidney ailment. As to these only your family doctor can decide, after careful examination.

LOOSENED TEETH.

Answer to H. P.: Loosening of the teeth in their sockets is associated with spongy, ulcerated or bleeding gums; to mercurial lead or phosphorus poisoning, Rigg's disease or scurvy. Early, extensive or rapid dental decay is most commonly due to rickets; but it occurs in child or adult diabetics. Decaying teeth cause bad breath and dyspepsia; also swollen glands by furnishing a course of irritation or infection.

This column is devoted to disease prevention; to physical and mental hygiene; to domestic, industrial and public sanitation; to the promotion of health, efficiency and long life. The latest developments in medical science will be presented. Questions of general interest will be answered here, space permitting—all others by mail if stamped return envelope is enclosed. Requests for personal diagnosis or treatment cannot, however, be considered in any way.

The Wholesome Sauce
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The only original Worcestershire Sauce
Send postal for free kitchen hanger containing 100 new recipes
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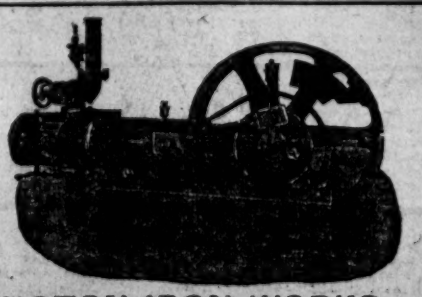

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS
"THE IRON MEN."

Star Business Locals Get Results

FIRST REGIMENT TO PASS THIS AFTERNOON

To Entrain at Camp Glenn in Three Sections.

First Division Will Leave Camp at 8 o'Clock, and Others Follow at Two Hour Intervals—May Stop at Smith Creek Yard.

Early this afternoon Wilmington will have as her guests for a short time at least the soldier laddies of the First Regiment North Carolina National Guard, on their way to the Mexican border. Advices from Camp Glenn late last night were to the effect that this regiment would entrain at Camp Glenn this morning and pass through Wilmington in three sections.

The first battalion is scheduled to leave Camp Glenn at 8 o'clock, with the second and third battalions, following at 10 and 12 o'clock, respectively. With a leeway of five hours for running time, the first division should reach Wilmington somewhere in the neighborhood of 1 o'clock this afternoon. As only a brief stop will be made, just long enough to change engines and crews, it is improbable that the troop trains will pass any nearer the city than the Smith Creek yard in the northern part of the city.

The train carrying the first battalion will be composed of one sleeper, nine tourist cars, three baggage cars, three box cars and one flat car. The second will carry one sleeper, six tourist cars, two baggage cars and one box car, while the final section will have one sleeper, seven tourist cars, two baggage cars, and one stock car. The troops will go to El Paso via Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta, Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, after leaving Wilmington.

The first division of the North Carolina troops, consisting of the brigade headquarters, the two troops of cavalry, the ambulance corps and the field hospital detachment, passed through Wilmington early Sunday morning. It was transported on a train consisting of one sleeper, one kitchen car, one baggage car, five tourists cars, five flat cars and five box cars.

This train arrived at the Smith Creek yard at 4:05 o'clock and departed 30 minutes later. There were a total of 293 officers and men in this division. Owing to the early hour and the fact that the guardsmen were for the most part wrapped in slumber, while their train was here, no one turned out to give them a welcome. Conductor Grantham and Engineer King piloted the troop train from New Bern, while Conductor Turner and Engineer Cooper were in charge, when they pulled out on their border-ward journey.

Wilmington's company of engineers will not be included in this exodus from Camp Glenn, but is expected to move shortly. However, there are a considerable number of local boys in the various companies composing the battalions of the first regiment, and it is expected that a number relatives will be out to see their khaki-clad heroes and near heroes as they pass to the front.

The movement of the troops, while passing over the Atlantic Coast Line system, will be under the direction of Mr. F. M. Jolly, traffic manager, who has been at Camp Glenn arranging for the exodus of the soldiers.

Included in the contingent which will pass through Wilmington today are 60 officers and 1,989 men. The Second Regiment is scheduled to move tomorrow morning, going also in three sections, at two hours intervals. The Third Regiment leaves Wednesday, also in three sections. All of the Guardsmen are reported as being eager to be off.

ONONDAGA HERE FOR CARGO

Clyde Line Steamer Arrived Last Night From New York City.

The Clyde Line freight steamer Onondaga, which has been put on the New York, Wilmington and Georgetown run in the place of the Cherokee while the latter is in dry dock, was due to arrive in Wilmington early this morning from New York. The steamer brings a full cargo of freight and as the vessel is larger than the Cherokee it will take longer to discharge it.

While the Onondaga does not carry passengers, the fact that she is a larger boat will be welcomed by local shippers who have been unable recently to ship all their stuff by water as rapidly as they desired.

MOVING DAY ALMOST HERE

Transfer of Household Effects Will Be Delayed, However, As October Begins On Sunday.

The first day of October, Wilmington's honored "moving day," comes this year on Sunday and if leases were construed literally tenants would all have to vacate by midnight next Saturday, if they did not intend to continue in their present quarters. Doubtless, quite a few will avail themselves of the privilege of getting out this week while the others will have to wait until Monday.

However, it should be explained for the benefit of outsiders that not everybody in Wilmington moves on October 1st, although there are always a great many changes about this time of the year. Real estate and rental agent say that there will be no more moving this year than usual, if as much, and that rents are just about the same they have been.

There are many vacant houses in the city but they are the cheaper ones. Desirable residences of the better class are in demand. Some are moving to the suburbs to enjoy the comforts of country life but not more than usual, while just as many probably have tired of rustic joys and are coming back to the city.

However, the tendancy for people to purchase their own homes or at least to arrange for leases of a term of years is growing and moving instead of increasing is probably decreasin. One rental agent said Saturday that he did not have out of several hundred more than a half dozen families who would move. There are always quite a number, however, who like this form of adventure and it does afford some little bit of excitement to seek new quarters.

RULES FOR CHAMPIONSHIP

Wilmington High School Football Team Will Put Up Game Fight To Take Honors Away From Raleigh.

The Wilmington High School expects to put out a football team this year that will offer sufficient competition to make it decidedly interesting for the Raleigh High School team which has succeeded in winning the State championship for the past three years. It was a close shave, however, last year and Wilmington was very much in the running until the final game.

Among the schools planning to participate in the race for the State High School football championship this season besides Wilmington are: Asheville, Charlotte, Chapel Hill, Concord, Elizabeth City, Goldsboro, Greensboro, Hickory, Kinston, New Bern, Oxford, Raleigh, Rockingham, Salisbury, Shelby, Washington and Winston-Salem.

While without doubt the usual tangle will be manifest before the season closes, the Athletic Council of the Univ whose auspices the championship contest will be conducted, has promulgated the following regulations:

For the year 1916 the contest shall be open only to North Carolina public high schools, city and rural.

Any football team representing a high school, city or rural, that shall have played and won up to and including November 18th, 1916, as many as three games from teams representing schools of similar rank and shall have lost none, shall be eligible to enter the championship series, provided the manager shall by November 20th, notify the committee of his desire to enter the contest and shall send a record of games played.

To be eligible for a place on a team a player must be a bona fide student of the school which he represents. To be a bona fide student he must be in regular attendance at the time of any game in which he participates and must have been in regular attendance for at least thirty per cent of the school year up to the time of any game in which he participates and must have made passing grades on a majority of his studies.

No post-graduate of a school—that is, no student who has already finished a standard four-year high school course as outlined by the State department of education, shall be eligible to play on the team.

No teacher, coach or professional athlete shall be allowed to take part in the games under any circumstances.

If one or more ineligible players are used on a team during a game, then the game shall be forfeited to the opposing team.

Immediately after November 20th, the committee in consultation with the different managers and coaches will arrange the games of the championship series for the purpose of selecting through a process of elimination two teams which shall come to Chapel Hill for the final state championship game, the date for this to be settled by the committee.

The committee will pay one-half the railway fare both ways and will provide entertainment at Chapel Hill for the two teams which shall be selected to play the championship game.

No two teams can ordinarily play more than two games with one another. In the event that a third game is desired, the committee will have to be notified and pass on the matter.

Any protest shall be made direct to the committee. If it seems necessary for protests to be made, it is urged that the manager of the team making the protest, shall, where possible, notify the committee at Chapel Hill and the manager of the opposing team of the protest before the game has been played.

In the event that a team has played a hard schedule, the committee reserves the right to waive the letter of the requirement in rule 2, if, after carfully reviewing its record such a course seems wise, and allow it to enter the contest, provided it shall have won seventy-five per cent of the games played.

The committee further reserves the right to permit a team having less than a record of 75 per cent victories to enter the championship series, should such a course, after having been carefully considered, seem right and proper to the committee.

In case it appears that some team has deliberately cancelled a schedule game with another team or has deliberately avoided meeting a rival team, the committee reserves the privilege of dealing with the situation it thinks best.

The committee at the University shall be composed of N. W. Walker, Chairman; E. R. Rankin, Secretary; T. J. Campbell, and Ray Armstrong.

MEETINGS WILL CONTINUE

Large Congregations Atten Services At Bladen Street Church.

Two large congregations attended services at Bladen Street Methodist church yesterday and last ignht. Rev. J. P. Pate, the pastor, preached two helpful and inspiring sermons. Yesterday morning at 10 o'clock an old fashioned class meeting was held at which there were a large number of men.

The church was not large enough to hold the congregation last night and the Sunday school room had to be utilized. In response to the invitation many came forward. The strong sermon made a profound impression and there was evidence of deep interest.

It was intended to close the series of evangelisitc services last night but on account of the marked interest it was decided to continue the meetings and there will be preaching tonight at 8 o'clock. The song service will begin at 7:45 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

Baltimore-Carolina Steamers.

Saturday's Baltimore Sun says: "Mason L. W. Williams yesterday sold the steamer Elizabeth Weems to the Andes Copper Mining Company, which has headquarters in New York. It is understood the vessel will be engaged in the copper trade between Chile and Panama or other ports on the Pacific Coast. Daniel C. Welsh is here to represent the company in the transfer. The Weems was formerly the Norwegian steamer Anita. She is to make one more trip on the Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Company's southern route, and left last night for Georgetown and Charleston. Upon her return she will be turned over to the new owners. The Elizabeth Weems will be succeeded by the Georgeanna Weems, a steal steamer, which is to be launched from the yards of the Harlan & Hollingsworth Corporation, Wilmington, Del., on October 5."

THE NEED OF REDEMPTION

The Power of Christ's Gospel to Save Men and Lift Them out of Bondage is Theme of Sermon.

While the primary purpose of Christ's work in the world is to redeem men from the bondage of sin and fear of death, His redemption means more than that for it touches every phase of the lives of men, declared Rev. W. V. McRae in his sermon at Trinity Methodist church last night.

The need of missions was forcibly presented by the minister, who showed how China and Japan are awakening from a lethargy that characterized them in the past. They have been redeemed in part, said he, but the great and important thing for the Christian world to bear in mind is their need of the Gospel of Christ.

"Go and lo, I am with you always," a clause from the 20th verse of the 28th chapter of St. Matthew, was used as the text of the sermon. Pointing out that the great and primary work of Christ in the world is that of redemption, Mr. McRae explained that Christ intends that His disciples shall be His companions.

"Now there are all sorts of redemption," Mr. McRae continued, "such as physical, intellectual, financial, political, moral and above all spiritual redemption. Let us not forget that to redeem is to lift one out of the condition that one is in and place him in a better one. It is a lifting out of the lower life into a higher one. A child is afraid of a dog. Send the dog away and the child is no longer afraid. But better still teach the child mastery of the dog and his fears disappear. In either case you have redeemed the child from his fear.

"You have a friend who drinks. By God's help you lead him to break the habit and to become a sober, upright citizen—you have redeemed your friend. His family was suffering; now they are cared for and are living well—you have redeemed his family.

"Political misrule crushes our State. Leaders arise and set up a strong government—they have redeemed the State.

"Men are in bondage, fearing death, fearing the future state. We know where we deserve to go. But Christ comes to us, breaks the power of sin, makes us holy and makes us not only not fearful of death and the future state but even brings us to look forward to that life with a feeling of joy. He has redeemed us.

"Perhaps one physician as well as another could bring us into physical health again. One political leader or statesman as well as another could redeem a State or city. But there is only One who can redeem us from sin into holiness; from the bondage of fear into the joyous freedom of Sons who await in gladness the life yet to come. That Redeemer is Jesus Christ. And when He redeems at the highest point that means He can and does redeem at all points. And so we think of Him, above all others, as the Redeemer.

"And it is this Redeemer who can redeem in all these and in every respect. I believe in missions, home and foreign, because I believe in and love redemption—physical, intellectual, political and spiritual. I believe in missions because they stand for all phases of redemption—a complete redemption. The home missionary and the foreign go forth primarily to preach spiritual redemption, to lift men up to Sonship with the Heavenly Father. But make a man a son of God and immediately there is not a phase of life in which he is not made better. Now, he wishes to read the best books; he wishes to be a free man; he wishes his neighbors to be free from bondage; he desires health for himself and for all others; he seeks the best welfare of his family and soon his home is being redeemed and his influence is felt in the entire community in which he lives.

"Men call the lesser phases of redemption, 'by-products of missions.' They certainly are phases of God's work among men, for all truth is of God. A one-sided redemption may be an exceedingly dangerous redemption. Japan is today enjoying a physical and intellectual redemption, but morally the nation is still far behind and spiritually she is but little changed.

The nations of the world do not know where Japan may strike tomorrow. China is being aroused like the awakening of a mighty giant. Shall that giant arise with soul as well as body and mind redeemed and so rise to labor for the redemption of all the earth? Or shall that giant arise clothed with a mighty physical prowess and endued with a terrible intellectual selfishness—a combination that finds expression on modern militarism and results in destruction? The answer lies in missions. Four hundred million people are sending to you and to me the cry, 'Come over and help us,' and on this side the Master is saying to us, 'Go.'

"When Paul arrived in Macedonia, he found a handful of women as his first hearers out of all the masses of those to whom he came. A few days later the others were beating him and Paul and Silas were in the stocks in the jail. But Jesus was there too and these apostles had rather be with Jesus in a Phillipian jail than alone in Troas—whence they came. The result was that many souls were saved.

"Wherever the missionary goes he carries medicine and health; he carries books and schools, and soon many young people are in schools and colleges. China as a government is sending hundreds of students to this country—not for our religion but that they may learn to lift the nation of four hundred million people out of physical, intellectual and political stagnation and death into the forefront of all progress, just as Japan has found deliverance.

"These students are redeeming and will redeem their nation—but how far? The great redemption, the full redemption lies with the Christian missionaries. Jesus is depending upon him and urges upon him, 'Go, Go.' Jesus who sees the need says, 'Go.' They who suffer the need say 'Come.' The voice is in our ears; the powe ris in our hands, the Saviour is on His way. Listen, 'Lo, I am with you always.' But there is a condition. You may think you can sit still and Jesus will help you rear that child, will help you brook that habit, will help you cleanse that city, will help you build a beautiful place. Jesus will help you but He is moving. You will have to go with Him if you wish His help."

Many a Lady is Beautiful

all but her skin; and nobody has ever told her how easy it is to put beauty on the skin. Beauty on the skin is MAGNOLIA BALM. Just try it today. 75 cents at Druggists or by mail. Sample Free. Lyon Manuf'g Co., 42 South Fifth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOCAL DAIRYING INDUSTRY

Dr. Nesbitt Says Expansion of Industry and Economical Distribution Will Solve Milk Problem.

With milk selling for 10 to 12 cents a quart wholesale in Wilmington, the ever tightening grip of the expense of living, is causing local public spirited citizens to renewed efforts in the direction of creating a more adequate supply of the milk by pointing out to farmers that by reason of high prices available many additional dairying plants could be established in New Hanover county and prove profitable investments.

The cause of the high price of milk in Wilmington, according to Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, county health officer, is due primarily to underproduction, undeveloped grazing lands, and wasteful methods of distribtuion.

When asked yesterday whether it was true that the price of a quart of milk was higher in Wilmington than in any other city in the United States, Dr. Nesbitt said he would not go so far as to say that, but local producers receive probably next to the highest prices received anywhere for their milk. Continuing, he said:

"There has never been an adequate supply of milk in Wilmington. Every drop of milk produced here finds a ready market at high prices. The solution of the city's milk problem lies largely in getting more men into the business and increasing production. There is some milk and butter shipped into the city from the State farm and from outlying points, but the city depends largely on thel ocal supply, which as I stated above is wholly inadequate.

"There is no good reason why the industry should not be greatly expanded. In this connection, attention should first be paid to the development of grazing facilities. The native crab grass here is a fine pasture crop. More of it should be grown. As it is now, local dairymen depend largely on ensilage for feed for their cows. With farmers paying from $30 to $40 a ton for fertilizer, this is a very expensive feed for dairy animals. If enough cattle were raised on the farms, the land would be built up in fine grazing pastures by the use of compost, which is the cheapest fertilizer obtainable.

"As I have pointed out before very important economies could be effected through proper distribution, that is, the establishment of a central milk depot. This would take off the hands of the producers the bother of marketing their product, which they could sell to the management of the depot at wholesale prices. At the same time, instead of having some 20 teams make deliveries twice daily, a half dozen wagons could make the deliveries for the entire city if the milk depot were established. It would also make the standardization and inspection of the city's milk supply a much simpler matter.

"Another idea which should be impressed upon the minds of the people with reference to the production and sale of milk here is that all milk is far from being of the same quality and value. The conscientious, intelligent, clean dairyman produces a more wholesome and more valuable product than does his slip-shop and half-clean neighbor, and he is entitled to a better price for it."

COMING OF AUTUMN SOUNDS KNELL ON STRAW HEADPIECES

Official Season for These Flimsy Lids Closes With Passing of Summer.

The knell has sounded for straw hats, and these flimsy sky pieces have passed into history with the coming of autumn. Yellowed with age and drooping from the knocks and cuffs of long usage, the majority of these venerable lids have earned a rest.

Coming with the rosebuds of spring, they have gladdened the hearts and eyes of scores of Beau Brummels through the summer months. They have served as the play thing of every vagrant gust of wind that chanced along, and have been the magnet to which every roving speck of dust has been drawn. Invariably they have brought down a rain, even from a cloudless sky, when the owner chanced to stray off without his umbrella.

With the advent of autumn, they passed into their long winter sleep, some of them to come forth no more, while others will bob up again next spring, and disfigure the fashion parade on Easter morning.

The man who dares wear a straw hat in public after the passing of their season, will feel about as much at home as an Eskimo, atending an afternoon igloo party at the North Pole, clad in a palm beach suit, or some social satellite strolling down Fifth avenue, in evening dress at 11 o'clock in the morning. In short the man who wears the hay headgear any more until next spring will be ostracized, tabooed and laughed at.

So it is farewell to the old pal of the hotter days. Go now to the ash can, the gutter, the attic, or wherever you will and take your rest. No more will we chase you across the crowded square while monocled simpletons smile pityingly, and tittering debutantes giggle audibly. For a season at least, Gluck Auf.

LIQUOR WILL COME FROM BALTIMORE AND ELSEWHERE

Local Shipments Will Not be Curtailed Says Local Express Agent.

The fact that Virginia is going "dry" on November 1st will have little or no effect on the quantity of "booze" shipped into Wilmington, is the opinion of Mr. J. W. Smith, local agent of the Southern Express Company. The North Carolina quart law, however, has resulted in whiskey being shipped to Wilmington in greatly diminished quantities recently.

Mr. Smith, when asked if the company would close up its "liquor delivery department" when Virginia ceased to be a shipping point for "corn juice," replied that it would not be closed, and that there would probably be just as many packages arriving daily after that time as there are at present.

Both Jacksonville and Baltimore firms are already flooding Wilmington's male population with literature describing the superior qualities of their brands of intoxicants, and although the express charges from these points will amount to a few cents more on the quart, this amount will be gladly paid by Wilmingtonians who prefer the "joy water" to the sort that is supplied in such generous volume by the Cape Fear river. Norfolk and Richmond liquor dealers are planning to move to Baltimore in large numbers, it is reported, when Virginia joins the prohibition states on the first of November.

AT THIS BANK

Deposits that are being made now and up to October 2nd will receive a full Quarter's Interest on January 1st, exactly three months from Oct. 1st, the beginning of our Next Regular Interest Period.

Are you among the large number of the people who are depositing here? If not, we suggest that you begin with us at this time.

Established 1900

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS

Condensed Statement to the Corporation Commission of the Condition of

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

at the Close of Business on September 12th, 1916.

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
CASH	$ 238,166.92	CAPITAL	$ 10
LOANS	2,518,606.55	SURPLUS	20
REAL ESTATE	2,300.00	UNDIVIDED PROFITS	2
BUILDING	50,000.00	DISCOUNTS UNEARNED	1
STOCKS	8,850.00	BUILDING RESERVE	1
BONDS	25,993.50	RESERVED FOR DIVIDEND DUE OCT 1	
INVESTED TRUST FUNDS	87,300.00	DIVIDENDS UNPAID	
		DEPOSITS	2,5
TOTAL	$2,931,216.97	TOTAL	$2,9

I, J. L. Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company, do solemnly swear the statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JNO. LEWIS WH

Correct—Attest:
N. B. RANKI
J. V. GRAIN
JNO. D. BELLAMY, JR.,
Directors.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 16th day of September, 1916.

C. S. GRAINGER, Notary Public.

NEGRO BOY IS CHARGED WITH THEFT OF ICE CREAM.

Lawrence George Was Going to Celebrate The Passing Of Summer.

Having heard rumors to the effect that summer had officially closed, and believing that after the coming of autumn, white folks would not care so much for ice cream, Lawrence George, a negro boy, purloined six quarts of this sweet stuff from Plummer's Confectionery on North Front Street, early last night, it is alleged, and started out to enjoy life.

Just as he headed into Front street, however, Policeman H. R. Smith decided to take a look in the sack that the boy was carrying, and upon finding it to be ice cream he sent Lawrence to the city hall.

Nannie McLain, also colored, was arrested by Policeman J. O. Bullard, at Fourth and Bladen streets last night, charged with a violation of the prohibition law.

Louisville, Ky., September 23.—Star Hawk, the English bred three year old colt owned by A. K. MaComber, the California millionaire and trained by W. B. Jennings, carrying 120 pounds, won the fourth renewal of the Louisville cup, the feature of the Fall meeting at Douglas Park, here, this afternoon by a scant length.

Ladies Free Tonight.
At Victoria—See Advertisement.

MEN'S SHOES OF QUALITY

Yet the Price Is Moderate.

Men often paid $4.00 and even more, for a good pair of Shoes, when Shoes and Shoe Leather Was Very Cheap. Now, when they are Higher than for many years, you would expect to pay a great deal more. Especially when you get the very best last, and the newest style. This store, however, is prepared to fit you in shoes of the very highest quality and in the very style you will like. Dressy, yet comfortable at the very moderate price of **$4,00 and $4.50.**

WOMEN'S SMART SHOES, $4.00 TO $5.00

New High Boots—lace or button—in plain kid, patent kid with cloth top, paten[illegible] kid top, newest last; widths: Cs and Ds—Dorothy Dodd quality.

Broad Values In Wide Four-In-Hands

To introduce our New Stock of Smart Neckwear for Fall. There are some whose brilliancy of coloring duplicate that of the "Autumn leaves;" some are "sedate," for the tastes of conservative men. Altogether, it is a most fascinating display.

Priced 25c, 50c and Up.

Belk - Williams Co.

SOCIAL

Mrs. R. B. Whitaker, of Wrightsville, spent yesterday in the city, a guest at the Orton.

• • •

Miss Elizabeth Porter, of Rocky Mount, who has been spending some time in the city, has returned home.

• • •

The annual meeting of the Housewives' League will be held at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. This is a very important meeting as officers for the new year will be elected. It is hoped that all members will attend.

• • •

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer: "Miss Laura Parsley, of Wilmington, who has been spending six weeks or more at Rutherfordton visiting her brother, William Parsley, spent Saturday in the city and returned to Rutherfordton. Miss Parsley will leave this week for the Castle School On-the-Hudson."

LOCAL DOTS.

—Among the arrivals at the Imperial Hotel yesterday were: G. O. Singletary, Whiteville; D. W. Hughes, Chadbourn; E. W. Reeves, Parkersburg; W. O. McKeithan, Bolivia; L. L. Sanders, Greensboro; and W. B. Brown, Hamlet.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Hon. Hannibal L. Godwin, Democratic nominee for re-election to Congress, arrived in the city last night and is stopping at The Orton. Mr. Godwin will address the voters of Wrightsboro this evening.

—Among the arrivals at The Hotel Wilmington yesterday were: W. D. Douglas, Charlotte; C. L. Holt, Greenville; A. H. Powell, Oxford; W. B. Sparrow, Rocky Mount; J. C. Belk, Dunn; H. P. Woodsen, Burgaw.

GODWIN TO SPEAK

Congressman from Local District to Address Voters at Wrightsboro

Congressman Hannibal L. Godwin will deliver an address on the issues of the present political campaign at a mass meeting of voters to be held tonight at 8 o'clock at the Wrightsboro schoolhouse.

Local Democratic leaders are planning to have New Hanover county give President Wilson and various State Democratic nominees a majority of 5,000 votes in this county alone, and with this idea in view a number of accomplished spellbinders will be brought here to arouse the enthusiasm of the voters. Congressman Godwin is expected to put considerable "pep" into local movement, and should draw a big crowd.

FUNERAL OF MRS. M'ALISTER

Services Were Held Yesterday at Residence—Interment Oakdale.

Funeral services for Mrs. Theo. F. McAlister, who died Saturday night at her home, No. 213 North Tenth street, were held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. John Jeter Hurt, who was assisted by Rev. Mr. Wilcox.

Among the musical selections rendered was a very appropriate solo by Mrs. J. D. Edwards. Many beautiful floral designs attested in some measure to the high esteem in which Mrs. McAlister was held in this community.

The following acted as pallbearers: Messrs. F. K. Scott, D. D. Boylan, J. E. Boylan, Coy Hewett, E. B. Snipes and Frank Pittman.

THE ESSENTIALS OF A CITY

In a Sermon On Wilmington of the Past, Rev. M. T. Plyler Points Out The Four Elements.

That the city of Wilmington has made wonderful progress during the past 20 years, along different lines, was illustrated in a strong sermon by Rev. M. T. Plyler, at Grace Methodist Church last night. Wilmington was the first city to which Mr. Plyler was assigned after his graduation from Trinity College, some 20 years ago. After an absence of nearly two decades, he returned a few months ago to the pastorate of Grace Church.

There are four essentials, said the speaker, that go to form the necessary elements for a city. First, the location; second, the educational facilities; third, its physical development, and fourth, its moral development. The four places in a city that are usually the headquarters, for the true source of civic development, is to be found in the Chamber of Commerce, the city hall, the schoolhouse and the church.

Wilmington, twenty years ago, said Mr. Plyler, was in striking contrast to the Wilmington of today. Front and Water streets then were paved with cobblestone, a few of the other principal thoroughfares were macadam, while the remainder were sand. Every corner boasted of its combination grocery store and saloon. Water street was the headquarters for the dance halls and grog shops, and a decent man would feel himself contaminated if he even walked along the street.

The city's moral progress is shown by the elimination of the bar rooms, her location is now being advertised by the Chamber of Commerce, yet Wilmington can be still further improved.

Mr. Plyler pointed out that the perfection of Wilmington as a city was not the true goal of our ambitions. There is a greater city, in whose ideals we are interested, and a broader life that we should strive for.

The texts for this sermon were found in three different books of the Bible, and tended to show how the writers of the Old Testament and the New treated the city. Babylon was held up as the model of the ancient municiualities, in the matter of physical development. That too much interest must not be centered in the physical side, to the detriment of the moral, was illustrated by the fact that when Nebuchadnezzar, Babylon's builder declared that there was none greater than he, he and the one proud city crumbled away, and were blotted from the map of the universe.

As an object lesson, Mr. Plyler's sermon showed that of the four essentials of a city, that though the first three are highly developed, if the fourth is neglected, true success can never be obtained.

BOYS' CABINET MEETS

Members Of Y. M. C. A. Have Outing at Masonboro Sound.

The dozen boys constituting the cabinet of the Boys' work department of the Y. M. C. A., enjoyed a very enjoyable week-end at Masonboro Sound on a camping trip. They were accompanied by Mr. C. Walton Johnson, boys' work secretary of the Y. M. C. A., and Mr. Oscar Keller, physical director.

A meeting was held at the camp yesterday afternoon for the purpose of outlining plans for the fall and winter work. This was attended by Mr. D. H. Howes, Jr., who has general supervision of the Loys' work of the Y. M. C. A.

FEDERAL JURORS DRAWN

List of Jurorss Drawn for First and Second Weeks of Approaching drew's Church.

The list of persons drawn to serve as jurors during the first and second weeks of the approaching term of United States District Court, which convenes in Wilmington at 10 A. M. on November 8, with Judge H. G. Connor, of Wilson, presiding, has been announced by Deputy Clerk S. P. Collier. The list follows:

First Week.

Bladen County—E. Mears, A. McA. Melvin, Homer Lucas, A. A. Hilburn, Edwin Wilson and J. C. Dunham.

Brunswick County—E. H. Gray, A. P. Thomas, W. T. Mebane, D. B. Long, W. H. Gaylord, Willie Russ, W. F. Pierce, Tom Clemons, S. I. King and J. J. Pigott.

Columbus County—D. M. Creech, F. M. Ray, C. A. Usher and George Thompson.

Duplin County—T. R. Cameron, David T. Chambers, Best Teachey, Robert James, Jos. J. Garner and R. G. Maxwell.

New Hanover County—Jos. W. Yates, J. D. McCarley, W. G. Pulliam, Clyde W. Lassiter, Jas. N. Bryant, J. Holmes Davis, Neill Baxley, Daniel Quinlivan, John H. Thomas.

Pender County—Geo. J. Powell, M. S. George, Marvin Johnson, Tim Atkinson, W. E. Cowan and W. A. Cannon.

Sampson County—C. L. Matthews.

Second Week.

Bladen County—W. C. Vick, Elias Edwards, L. J. Hester, Wright Edwards, W. F. Daniel, W. E. Devane, Lex Robinson and Zeb Edwards.

Brunswick County—J. T. Roper, C. C. Bland, W. W. Murrell, G. M. McKeithan and H. M. Ross.

Columbus County—F. M. Hester and H. C. Baldwin.

Duplin County—D. W. Fussell and Urie J. Johnson.

New Hanover County—Jas. M. Stevenson, Eugene A. Huhn, Thos. J. Burnett, Frank L. Williams, Jas. N. Holland, John T. Sholar, A. L. Dosher, Norwood Orrell.

Pender County—H. M. Page, Mike Costin and W. E. Rivenbark.

Sampson County—W. Frank Rackley and W. H. Colwell.

BIG DEMAND FOR UKULELES

Factories May Be Built to Turn Them Out More Rapidly.

(Honolulu (Hawaii) Correspondence.)

"A ukulele factory for Honolulu which could supply the demand for these instruments would be a benefit, and would mean a new industry for Hawaii," said Ernest Kaai to a Sta-Bulletin reporter when asked regarding the proposal made by the Sherman Clay Company that up-to-date machinery be installed in the shops where the instruments are manufactured.

Ernest Kaai is one of the leading musicians. His studio and his orchestras have become known throughout the world, and his ideas have been sought by ukulele manufacturesr of America.

"It is true," said he, "that Hawaii cannot supply the demand for ukuleles, and a factory equipped with the latest machinery and combining the best ideas of the mainland and Hawaii would surely be a big boost for the Islands. A campaign of advertising backed by standard goods should result in something more than is being done at present. People on the mainland will buy a ukulele bearing the Hawaiian stamp sooner than they will oe made on the mainland, providing everything is equal. There are more uquleles being made on the manilad than in Hawaii at present.

The Hawaiian ukulele was one of the first exhibits of home manufacture to be sent to the Pan-Pacific industrial museum, and the Pan-Pacific Club is working on plans to increase the industry.

ANSON MAN EXONERATED OF KILLING NEGRO EX-TENANT

After Preliminary Hearing by Four Justices of the Peace.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Wadesboro, N. C., Sept. 24.—At a preliminary hearing before Esquires Stokes Clark, Thos. B. Hyatt, J. Frank Kelly and Bennett Nelms, a decision was rendered exonerating Will Robinson of the killing of Norman Richardson, a negro ex-tenant. About four weeks ago Mr. Robinson, after having repeatedly warned the negro, Richardson, against trespassing on his lands, found him at the house of one of his tenants. According to the evidence brought out at the hearing yesterday, it was shown that this negro had prepared himself for an attack upon Mr. Robinson and was only prevented from doing so by Mr. Robinson promptly using his own weapon. After being shot the negro was brought to the hospital at this place where he was given the benefit of the very best surgical talent. He lingered for a week before his wound proved fatal. Members of both the white and black races join in the opinion that the decision of the magistrates was a wise one.

GOOD WEEK FOR TOBACCO

Over One Million Pounds Sold Last Week at Greenville.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Greenville, N. C., Sept. 24.—Greenville has sold more than one million pounds of tobacco this week, a little less than last week. But prices have reacted and are good. The sales for the week were 1,575,394 pounds. This carries the total sales for the season over seven million pounds. Farmers are pleased with the advance and are marketing it rather fast yet. The quality of the tobacco is not up to that of the earlier sellings, but prices are. One house reports the sales of near 500,000 pounds this week at an average of 18 cents per pound, including damaged, lugs and all sorts.

OPIUM SMUGGLING PLOT

Virtually All Prominent Chinese in Case Exonerated.

Shanghai, August 23, (Correspondence of Associated Press).—Virtually all the prominent Chinese connected with the gigantic opium smuggling plot discovered in Shanghai two weeks ago have been exonerated. Chang Yao Tseng the newly appointed minister of justice General Lee Hsing Zah and other prominent government officials at first suspected of complicity in the scandal were exonerated by the mixed court.

Four obscure Chinese were given light sentences, and the case which threatened at one time to disrupt the republican cabinet and become a nation scandal has apparently been silenced.

"SPIRITUAL MARKSMANSHIP"

Dr. John Jeter Hurt Addresses St. Andrew's Brotherhood at St. Andrew's Church, on Above Subject.

"Spiritual Marksmanship" was the subject of an interesting and instructive address delivered by Rev. Dr. John Jeter Hurt, pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, before the members of the St. Andrew's Brotherhood at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church yesterday afternoon.

The phrase, "I have sinned," literally translated from the original language, said Dr. Hurt, means "I have missed the mark." Every man is put into this world with a definite mark to attain," declared the speaker, "but many fire at random, while others use blank cartridges. The man who goes out to hunt for game with blank cartridges is a fool," continued Dr. Hurt, "yet many men are constantly aiming at targets that are thoroughly unworthy of them."

The person who instead of taking as his target the lofty and noble things in life, was wasting his time and skill on the lower and more commonplace affairs was likened by Dr. Hurt to a man who goes out and hunts for field mice when he should be on the trail of an elephant or lion.

As an example of the man who takes no aim and who, consequently, misses his mark, Dr. Hurt cited the man who without knowing anything about the subject that he is discussing goes about with his criticisms.

No man is beaten till the last gun in the fight is fired, and then he is not beaten altogether. Therefore, admonished the speaker, if you at first miss the mark that you aim at, be not discouraged, but aim again.

The Greatest Yet.

Sunshine Girls—Victoria Today.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE, NO. 1, A. F. & A. M.

Emergent Communication this (Monday) evening, at 8 o'clock, sharp, for the purpose of conferring the degree of FELLOW CRAFT. (5 candidates.) All members are expected. Visiting brothers will be cordially welcomed.

By order of the Master.

A. S. HOLDEN, Secretary.

NOTICE!

The New Hanover County Board of Elections met at the Court House Monday, September 4th, 1916, in accordance with Section 4304 of Revisal of 1905; Vols. I and II, as amended by Public Laws 1907-1915, and fixed the following Election Precincts and Polling Places:

ALSO

In accord with Section 4308 of the Revisal, the following Registrars and Judges were appointed to serve in the coming General Election of November 7th, 1916:

First Ward—Polling place: Engine House, 4th and Campbell; Registrar: R. J. Darden; Judges: S. L. Chinnis, Jas. Elkins.

Second Ward—Polling place: Court House (down stairs); Registrar: W. W. Hodges; Judges: D. H. Howes, Jr., W. J. Meredith.

Third Ward—Polling place: Giblem Lodge; Registrar, J. R. Davis; Judges: S. J. Ellis, Coy Hewlett.

Fourth Ward—Mills' Stables, 108 Dock street; Registrar: J. B. King; Judges: T. D. Love, Sam. Seigler, Jr.

Fifth Ward, First Precinct—Polling place: Engine House, 5th and Castle; Registrar: J. E. Taylor; Judges: Geo. P. Motte, Thos. Lawson.

Fifth Ward, Second Precinct—Polling place: Engine House, 6th and Castle; Registrar: T. G. Landen; Judges, W. B. Savage, W. W. Ketcham.

Sixth Ward—Polling place: Mann's Store; Registrar: J. F. Mann; Judges: J. D. Edwards, W. A. Woods.

Seven Mile Post—Polling place: Shepard's Store; Registrar: Garrett Walker; Judges: Geo. T. Smith, W. O. West.

Masonboro—Polling place: Lumsden Store (Whiskey Creek); Registrar, Blaney Piner; Judges: Walter Horne, Geo. M. Grant.

Federal Point—Polling place: Burnett's Store; Registrar: T. J. Burnett; Judges: Garry Mintz, Wm. Biddle.

Winter Park—Polling place: Humphreys' Store, at Crossing; Registrar: A. H. High; Judges: G. C. McIntyre, E. H. Freeman.

Sea Gate — Polling place: Rogers' Store; Registrar: L. Larkins; Judges: S. Z. Melton, Geo. Rogers.

Cape Fear—Polling place: Johnson's Store; Registrar: J. H. Johnson; Judges: E. J. Herring, J. W. Winders

C. W. WOODWARD, Chairman, Board of Elections.

Read Star Business Locals.

STOP CALOMEL! TAKE DODSON'S LIVER TONE

New Discovery! Takes Place of Dangerous Calomel—It Puts Your Liver To Work Without Making You Sick—Eat Anything—It Can Not Salivate—Don't Lose a Day's Work!

I discovered a vegetable compound that does the work of dangerous, sickening calomel and I want every reader of this paper to try a bottle and if it doesn't straighten you up better and quicker than salivating calomel just go back to the store and get your money.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your thirty feet of bowels of the sour bile and constipation poison which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable.

I guarantee that one spoonful of this harmless liquid liver medicine will relieve the headache, biliousness, coated tongue, ague, malaria, sour stomach or any other distress caused by a torpid liver as quickly as a dose of vile, nauseating calomel, besides it will not make you sick or keep you from a day's work. I want to see a bottle of this wonderful liver medicine in every home here.

Calomel is poison—it's mercury—it attacks the bones, often causing rheumatism. Calomel is dangerous. It sickens—while my Dodson's Liver Tone is safe, pleasant and harmless. Eat anything afterwards, because it can not salivate. Give it to the children because it doesn't upset the stomach or shock the liver. Take a spoonful tonight and wake up feeling fine and ready for a full day's work.

Get a bottle! Try it! If it doesn't do exactly what I say, tell your dealer to hand your money back. Every druggist and store keeper here knows me and knows of my wonderful discovery of a vegetable medicine that takes the place of dangerous calomel.

ATTENTION!
STOP YOUR AUTO At the Curb

FOUNTAIN DRINKS WILL BE SERVED YOU WITHOUT ALIGHTING FROM YOUR CAR.

"Get the Habit" Our Store Should be Your First Stop, for Refreshments.

Mission Pharmacy
5 NORTH FRONT ST.
'Phone 790.

SCHOOL TIME

SHUR-ON EYEGLASS

Your Children's Vacation is About Over

You are preparing your children with comforts while gaining an education. They will need Books, Clothing and Shoes—they will get them.

Now, seriously, have you thought of your children's Eyesight?

Is it not very important that you provide them Good Eyesight, while providing other comforts?

Let me examine your children's Eyes. I will advise you fully. Absolutely.

—Free of Charge—

Dr. Vineberg
Masonic Temple.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38--39 GARRELL BUILDING
WILMINGTON, N. C.

IMPERIAL TIRES AND TUBES

SEND US YOUR ORDERS AND WE WILL SHIP PROMPTLY.

J. W. Murchison & Co.
WHOLESALE HARDWARE
Phone 106 : Phone 1030

We Offer New Goods Today

Quaker Oat Meal.
Quaker Yellow Corn Meal.
Quaker Pettijohn Bran Flour.
Quaker Pettijohn Breakfast Food.
Quaker Graham Flour.

HALL & ROSS, Inc.
We certainly appreciate new business

STACKS, TANKS, BOILERS, PUMPS.
GAS AND STEAM ENGINE REPAIRS.
REPAIRS FOR MILLS, HOTELS AND PUBLIC WORKS.
OUR FOUNDRY MAKES ALL KINDS of IRON, BRASS and ALUMINUM CASTINGS.

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'PHONE: 213. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Phone Us Your Drug Wants
We are as Near to You as You Are to the 'Phone. We fill every Doctor's prescription, and can always locate your doctor for you.
—MAIL ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY—
The Payne Drug Company
'PHONE 520. 5th and Red Cross Sts.

REDUCTION IN GASOLINE
IN GALVANIZED IRON BARRELS.
JOBBERS, 22 CTS. CONSUMERS, 23 CTS.
F. O. B. Wilmington.
We Paying Return Freight on Empty Barrels.
CAPE FEAR OIL CO.
DON'T FORGET TO ORDER CARBONLESS AUTOIL.

WHO WILL SUPPORT EUROPE'S WIDOWS AND ORPHANS?

"Women have been heroic during the war, but there will be even greater need of strong women when the war is over," declares Mlle. Hendrika A. C. van der Flier, of The Hague, who is in New York for a brief rest at the close of several months' tour of the United States in the interests of her pet charity, the building of cottages for war refugees at present in her country. "My plan is to build as soon as the war ends a cottage colony near Antwerp, where widowed mothers may have their own children with them and a few boarders besides, instead of herding the children all together in dreary institutions."

Miss van der Flier, who is the daughter of the court chaplain, is well known throughout Holland for her many philanthropies. At the outbreak of the war, when the first wave of refugees from panic stricken Belgium broke over the little windmill land, Miss van der Flier in one day collected enough clothing to provide for 1,600 persons, for the fleeing Belgians in many cases escaped only with their lives, and were in a pitiful state of dirt and fatigue when they reached Holland.

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New Wooltex Coats

Here is a fashionable street coat in a heavy cheviot material in all the best colors. It is cut full and loose, with the straight panel effect back and front

The large convertible collar may be worn in cape or Chin-Chin effect. There is a wide belt from each side of the back across the front. This coat is forty-eight inches long and is body lined.

A. D. Brown
The Store That Sells Wooltex Coats —— and —— Suits

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

CLEWS' REVIEW OF BUSINESS

Week of Advances On Stock Exchange —Inflation Must Be Checked— Interest In Railways.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, September 24.—The financial markets presented evidence during the earlier days of the week of a tendency on the part of some of the large interests to take profits that had accrued as a result of the recent sustained rise in the Stock Exchange price level. Selling of this character, not unnaturally, served as a temporary check upon the enthusiasm and strength that so distinctly were the features of the preceding week. But definite weakness, however, did not develop. Neither was there a corresponding reaction in the volume of business. The market seemed, for the moment, to have lost its sparkle and declined moderately, a change suggestive of a necessary readjustment that did not essentially alter more distinct prospects. That such a view was justified was indicated by the sharp and general advances that subsequently took place.

Fundamental conditions have not changed. Our national activities are experiencing the stimulus of admitted inflation. Gold that is not needed is coming forward in a steady stream in partial payment for the products of American factories. These are being manufactured at such favorable prices that they leave large profits, not alone in the hands of the manufacturers but in those of labor and of all interests connected wit hthem from the point of production to that of final delivery abroad, including land and sea transportation, insurance and other charges. Thus money is circulating freely and is available for luxuries and necessities at home, in this way becoming responsible for a domestic demand of a magnitude quite in keeping with that from foreign sources. Eventually a severe check must come to this nation-wide inflation. When it will occur must be governed very largely by the duration of the war and the conditions that will confront the world at large after the present stupendous massacre ends.

At the moment, unfortunately, there is but slight encouragement for any expectation that peace is in sight. In turn this suggests an absence of inducement to believe that the inflationary movement to which I have just referred is culminating. More likely will it proceed still further and in the long run include to a more general extent than at present securities as well as commodities in its influence. The iron and steel industry never has been so active. A local trade authority, reviewing steel trade conditions, declares that the drift not only is toward higher prices but toward greater difficulties in delivery. The situation, it adds, is that Europe will take whatever amount of steel American mills will agree to deliver when wanted, and that domestic buyers are providing for their wants in the first half of 1917 at prices they are unwilling to consider two months ago.

Consumers are acting on the more definite signs that with the war prolonged into 1917 the steel mills of the country will continue to have to choose between buyers. Trade authorities as whole seem to agree with this view. An almost identical position seems to apply to copper and, in fact, to nearly all of the various divisions of the metal market, which is so representative of industry as a whole.

The national political campaign is beginning to attract attention as a market factor of importance. The tariff is being accepted from the market standpoint as the chief feature of contention, and the prospects of the rival candidates, so far as many of the industrial stocks are concerned, acquire importance in proportion as they suggest the election of a high or low tariff advocate with a National legislature so proportioned as to support him. Our country is very fortunate this year in having a choice between two such good candidates, men who already have served the people and who are well known by their acts. It also is pleasant to recall that the campaign is not one of freak issues represented by the various "isms" that have been such disturbing features of Presidential campaigns in the past.

Increased interest is being taken in the railroad securities. This is quite natural in view of the evidence that we are approaching the end of the European liquidation of American securities that has been made necessary by the exigencies of the war. Something over $1,500,000,000 of American securities, chiefly of our railroads, have been sent back across the Atlantic and absorbed by American investors as the result of the present conflict.

This is additional to considerable amounts that were returned when the Balkan wars so thoroughly upset European capitals. But there seems excellent basis for the belief that as a practical proposition the return movement has about ended. Whatever of our securities are still abroad are, as a broad proposition, deposited with the British Treasury and are to be used as collateral for loans instead of being sold outright. Fortunes are being made abroad out of the war's necessities quite as freely as is the case at home here. These fortunes are not only being acquired by English and French and Russian subjects, buy by those of Holland, Scandinavia, Denmark and Switzerland, as neutral countries are piling up wealth on a large scale. American securities have been favorite investments abroad for several generations. They will unquestionably be among the first to be repurchased when peace shall fortunately arrive and the world's financial affairs shall begin to return to normal conditions. Meanwhile we cannot have prosperity in our own country without a full participation of our railroads in such prosperity. Products of industrial plants are not. Transportation is the life of industry, as a broad proposition, used in the immediate localities; they must be shipped where needed and must pay for the service. There appears to be quite a reaction from the fears that first were entertained as to the real effect of the new eight-hour railroad law. Railroad employes are beginning to see that the new conditions are not all in their favor, and that, for example, a literal interpretation of the new act may mean a cancelling of favored positions occupied by many of the older men in the service. This new law does not become effective until January 1. It is not improbable that some attempt may be made at the short session of Congress, which convenes in December, to give this subject the attention its importance merits. There will not at that time, at any rate, be an incentive for hasty action based on political expediency. A similar crisis has just been satisfactorily settled in the affairs of the British railways by granting to employes an additional bonus to continue throughout the period of the war instead of permanently advancing wages. In this way the post-bellum road situation can be handled on its merits. This plan might be a reasonable compromise to adopt as a substitute for the eight-hour law.

Copper stocks have been favorably influenced by reports that announcement is soon to be made of large additional sales by American producers to Europe. The strength and activity in United States Steel are suggestive of the importance of the interest who are buying these securities. The third quarter of the year is now about closing and there seems every reason to believe that the quarterly statement, when finally published, will show an even greater degree of profitable activity on the part of the Corporation than was the case in the June quarter.

Gold continues to come forward in large volume and is adding to the permanent ease of the general money situation. The financial requirements of the crops now have virtually been arranged and there appears no reason to believe that the money situation is to enter as an adverse market factor.

The general market seems to promise excellent returns for intelligent in and out trading. Large interests are undoubtedly operating actively and will be inclined to take profits at intervals as they accrue.

HENRY CLEWS.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,388 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Sept. 23, by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 24.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—Nominal.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Nominal.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 37c.; rosin, $2.95 and $2.85; tar, $1.60-7½c.; crude turpentine, $2.50, $2.50, $1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine..... 17

Rosin 133

Tar 76

Crude Turpentine 10

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, (—) casks; rosin, 170 barrels; tar, 2 barrels; crude turpentine, 4 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—15½c.; quotations same day last year, 11c.

Receipts—2,050 bales; same day last year, 3,658 bales.

Total receipts since August 1, to date, 24,338 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 22,789 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Sept. 24.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, new, 75c bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—$1.00 to $1.15.

CORN—$1.80 to $1.95 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 8c to 9c, dull.

PORK—Small, 10c. to 11c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 20c to 35c.; first class washed wool, 25c. to 28c.; highest grade, washed, 35c.

SHEEP—Old, good quality, gross, 3 1-2 to 3c pound. Lambs, best quality, 6 to 7c pound.

HIDES — Green salt, 13c. to 14c.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 22c to 23c.; sides and shoulders, 17c. to 18c. per lb.; good demand.

BEESWAX — Firm, 28c. per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c.; spring, 20c. to 30c. head.

EGGS—28c. to 29c. dozen.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Sept. 24.—Spanish—Market quiet, 92½c to 95c. per bushel.

Virginia—Farmers' Stock, market weak. Fancy Jumbo, 3½c. per lb.; Fancy Handpicked, 3¼c per lb.; Extra Prime, 3c per lb.; Prime, 2¾c per lb.; Shelling stock, 2¼c. to 2½c. per lb.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Sept. 24.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market weaker. Fancy hand-picked, 58c.; No. 1 machine picked, 50c. per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—Market, steady. Jumbos, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts — Market weaker; No. 1, small, machine picked, 65c.; Jumbos, 60c. per bushel.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON REVIEW

New Orleans, September 24.—Bullish sentiment was strong in the cotton market last week and prices were carried upward something over $3 a bale in the face of large hedging operations from purchasers of new crop cotton and a great deal of liquidation from realizing longs. Selling from this latter source grew to large proportions toward the end of the week and finally checked the upward movement of prices.

The low prices were made on the opening session Monday and the highest prices were reached on Friday. At the lowest the trading months were still 1 to 3 points over the preceding week's close and at the highest they were 67 to 71 points over. The net change for the week was a gain of 41 to 44. While weather conditions over the belt were extremely favorable and ginning was said to be on an extremely large scale, little selling resulted because of the large spot demand and the favorable reports regarding the business being done in dry goods. Offerings of spots appeared to be liberal but as was the case in the contract market, all offerings were easily absorbed.

Washington, September 24.—Deposits in postal savings banks during August increased nearly $5,000,000, the largest monthly gain since the system was established. On September 1, a total of 621,000 depositors had accounts aggregating more than $94,000,000 to their credit.

NEW RECORDS IN STOCKS

Daily Sales During Week Ranged From 1,000,000 to 1,500,000 Shares —Trading One-Sided.

New York, September 23.—With daily sales ranging from 1,000,000 to 1,500,000 shares, this week's market gathered fresh momentum and many new high records. Speculation ran very largely into industrials, at the expense of representative shares.

The trading was one-sided. United States Steel ascending to the new record of 117 1-2 and furnishing more than 1,000,000 shares, while coppers and other materials, as well as motors and various specialties, continued as much or more.

Rails were firm at times, Union Pacific riding to its highest price in more than 18 months with others at best prices of the year, but subordinate compared with the furious activity of the more speculative issues. Coppers derived much of their stimulus from the reported consumption of a large order by English and French interests.

The extraordinary demand for steel was attributed in part to the flourishing condition of that industry. Estimates of United States steel earning for the quarter are far in excess or the second quarter, which established a record.

Among the developments which have accelerated activity during the past weeks are the country's unparalleled general business, the unprecedented stores of easy money and the widespread confidence that these conditions are to remain.

Conservative financial interests are advising caution and a curb upon reckless speculation. The loan accounts of local institutions show no appreciable expansion, notwithstanding the tremendous increase of market operations.

ENTERTAINED AT DINNER AT FLORA M'DONALD COLLEGE

Red Springs Business Men Discuss Future of the Institution.

Red Springs, N. C., Sept. 24.—One hundred of the business men of Red Springs were entertained at dinner Friday evening at Flora Macdonald College, the banquet being in the nature of a jubilee celebration of the gratifying opening and bright prospects of the institution.

Instead of the usual sort of after dinner speeches, there was a general discussion of plans looking to the future progress and further usefulness of the college. The first matter under consideration was whether the school should be restricted to its present size or enlarged and developed in order to accommodate the constantly increasing number of young women seeking admission to its advantages. It was the unanimous decision of the company that it is the duty of the friends of the college to continue to add to the material growth of the plant as the need arises for expansion.

The second question, naturally growing out of the first, was what part the town of Red Springs should have in this work and these business men seemed to have a very clear conception of their duty, for it was proposed that the town should at once raise ten thousand dollars for the endowment of a chair, to be called the Red Springs Chair. After careful discussion the proposition met with enthusiastic approval and on suggestion of Mayor B. W. Townsend a committee was appointed to ascertain how much of this endowment could be immediately raised, with the result that one-fourth of the amount was subscribed. The committee, which is composed of Messrs. Ben Townsend, A. B. Pearsall, J. S. Jones and J. A. Love, is sufficient guarantee that the Red Springs Chair will be successfuli established.

DEMOCRATS IN LENOIR WILL OPEN CAMPAIGN WITH VIGOR

Propose to Use Heaviest Artillery During Next Three Weeks.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Sept. 24. — The Democratic campaign managers in Lenoir county will break loose during the next three weeks with their heaviest artillery. The timid, lukewarm "offensive that the G. O. P. has been waging will look like an undersized Sunday school picnic compared with the battle of Verdun when this "counter" is gotten under way. Cameron Morrison, one of the long-range orators in the state campaign, will come to Kinston next Friday night and speak at 11 a. m. Saturday. Mr. Morrison will reply to J. J. Parker, Republican candidate for attorney general. Parker, it is intimated here, has been trying to offset Morrison in the campaigning. The "dope" he has used, local Democrats say, has been calculated to undermine the Charlotte man's argument, but has failed to make a dent. Morrison has promised to come back with the best in his shop, in his speech here. Walter E. Brock, solicitor of the Thirteenth district, will be in Lenoir county on October 10. The place of the speaking has not been decided upon. Tasker Polk, of Warrenton, will speak here on the night of the 5th. Matt. Allen, of Goldsboro, will make a series of speeches in the county some time after the 5th. Hon. Claude Kitchin, floor leader of the majority in the House, will be the biggest figure in the local campaign. The date of his coming is undetermined. He has so many calls to fill in the state that it will be some time before he can give Lenoir county a date. Come he will, however, and may speak both at a proposed county rally in LaGrange as well as in Kinston. Democratic County Chairman G. V. Cowper, of this county, will make an address at Jacksonville, on October 2. He has also been requested to speak at points in Wayne and Duplin counties, outside the district. H. S. Ward, of Washington, who has been taking an active part in the campaign in East Carolina, will be asked to come to Lenoir during the next month.

STORM HITS BERMUDA

General Damage Was Caused Throughout the Colony Saturday.

Hamilton, Bermuda, September 24.—Bermuda was swept by a severe storm yesterday afternoon, very general damage being caused throughout the colony. Many buildings were badly damaged. Trees were up-rooted and electric light and telephone communication was interrupted.

"Three Musical Kings."
With Sunshine Girls—Victoria.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

September 25, 1916.

Meteorological data for the day ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 63 degrees; at 8 P. M., 68 degrees; maximum, 81 degrees; minimum, 61 degrees; mean, 71 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, 4.13 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 1.9 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Fair Monday and Tuesday.

The Port Calendar, Sept. 25, 1916.

Sun rises .. .. ..

HARVESTER COMPANY LOSES OUT IN SUIT

Not Entitled to Recover Money on Notes Given by Carter.

Case One of Hardest Fought Civil Actions in the Legal History of Cumberland—Harvester Company to Appeal.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 24.—The Robeson county jury trying the case of the International Harvester Company vs Daniel Carter in the Superior Court here brought in a verdict late yesterday that the plaintiff was not entitled to recover $2,350 on notes given by the defendant for a gasoline tractor. The defendant successfully fought the collection of the notes on the contention that the tractor would not do the work the company had promised it would do. Witnesses were carried to Carter's farm near Vander and the tractor put through its paces. The engine seemed to work all right, it is said, but the machine wouldn't pull stumps.

The case was one of the hardest fought civil actions in the legal history of Cumberland county and the verdict came towards the end of the fourth day of the hearing. Twenty lawyers were retained by the parties to the suit, among them being some of the most eminent attorneys in the State. In the list of counsel were a national committeeman, an elector-at-large, a member of the Democratic national convention, a former congressman, a State senatorial candidate, and a county chairman.

The plaintiff was represented by Cook and Cook, Sinclair, Dye and Ray, of Fayetteville; McLean, Varser and McLean, and McIntyre, Lawrence and Proctor, of Lumberton, and J. M. Williford, of this city. For the defendant were V. C. Bullard, Robinson and Lyon, John G. Shaw, Oates and Herring, of this city, and Johnson and Johnson, of Lumberton.

The Harvester company will carry the case to the Supreme Court, according to Mr. H. L. Cook, leading attorney for the plaintiff, who so stated this afternoon.

Nine lawyers addressed the jury in the case. Messrs. N. A. Sinclair, L. R. Varser and H. L. Cook argued for the plaintiff, and Messrs. John G. Shaw, H. McD. Robinson, T. A. Lyon, V. C. Bullard, J. A. Oates and T. L. Johnson for the defendant.

While the main issue in the suit was decided in the defendant's favor, he being relieved from liability on the $2,350 notes and given back a $100 cash payment, the jury refused to allow Carter $600 damages asked for as an offset to time alleged to have been lost in trying to run his cotton gin with the tractor.

WOUND OF GENERAL TREVINO IS CONSIDERED SERIOUS

Version of Villa Attack Says Garrison Was Almost Annihilated.

Laredo, Tex., Sept. 24. — The wound sustained by General Jacinto Trevino, in the attack on Chihuahua City, September 16, is considered serious, although probably not fatal, according to a telegram from the Carranza commander to his brother in Nuevo Laredo tonight. One bullet, it was said, penetrated his shoulder.

A version of the Hidalgo Day attack received in mail advices tonight from Monterey, said that while the independence celebration was in progress, several hundred citizens, armed with rifles and machine guns, attacked the garrison, placed at 300 men, and which, the report said, "was almost completely annihilated."

No specific mention of Francisco Villa was made in this account.

Chihuahua City, Mex., September 24.—An absolute denial of the report that he would be succeeded in command by General E. P. Nafarrate, now in charge of the Carranza forces in Tamaulipas, was issued here today by General Jacinto Trevino. General Trevino said that he was still directing the operations against Villa and had received no intimation of any change in the command of the army of the north. He expressed himself as "calmly confident" of his ability to check the future operations of Villa.

INCREASE IN ABSORPTION OF RAIL SECURITIES HELD ABROAD

Exhaustive Study Made by President Loree, of Delaware & Hudson

New York, Sept. 24.—A further increase of $307,881,686 in the amount of American railroad securities abroad absorbed by American financial interests and individual investors between July 31, 1915, and July 31, 1916, is shown in the latest compilation prepared by L. F. Loree, president of the Delaware & Hudson Company, who has made an exhaustive study of this movement since the outbreak of the war.

Data collected by Mr. Loree from 195 railroad companies whose securities were in part abroad fixes the total par value of these stocks bonds, notes, car trust and receivers' certificates so held July, 1915, at $2,704,402,364. Six months later the total had fallen to $2,223,510,229 and the compilation of July 31 last, discloses an additional reduction to $1,415,628,563.

These figures, according to Mr. Loree, indicate the pressing needs of the financial institutions, corporations and individuals in the various countries of the Entente Allies. There is nothing in the statement to indicate that any part of these securities was owned by interests owing allegiance to the Central Powers.

SALARIES OF ALL GERMAN OFFICERS TO BE REDUCED.

Chief Army Commanders to Receive 1,000 Marks a Month Less.

Berlin, via Sayville, September 24.—Beginning October 1, says the Overseas News Agency, the salary of all German officers will be reduced. The salary of the minister of war and the chief army commanders will be reduced by 1,000 marks a month and lieutenants by 60 marks.

Married officers and those who have parents depending upon them are allowed special indemnities. The reductions had been asked by the Reichstag in December, 1915.

SOCIALIST NOMINEE ATTACKS BOTH WILSON AND HUGHES.

Declares They Are the Candidates of the Capitalistic Class.

New York, Sept. 24. — President Wilson and Charles E. Hughes were characterized as candidates of the capitalistic class by Allan L. Benson, nominee of the Socialist party for president, at a meeting held in Madison Square Garden today.

Mr. Benson and his running mate, George R. Kirkpatrick, candidate for Vice President, as well as other Socialist nominees, were applauded by a large crowd which assembled for the formal ratification of the party's candidates.

Mr. Benson attacked both the Democratic and Republican parties for "favoring militarism," and declared that had the Socialist party been in power during the last four years, "it would have seized the industries of the country and operated them for the benefit of the public. It would not have permitted this country," he added, "to increase its wealth by forty-one billion dollars unless the workers had their full share in it. It would not have permitted $600,00,000 worth of food to go out of the country and thus make the cost of living higher. Nor would it have passed a draft law."

Mr. Kirkpatrick declared that both President Wilson and Mr. Hughes are willing to co-operate with the representatives of capital in administering chloroform to the working people of the United States.

ESTABLISH IDENTITY OF MAN'S SKELETON UNEARTHED

This Done Through Phrenological Ingenuity of Police Lieutenant

New York, Sept. 24.—Through the phrenological ingenuity of Grant Williams, a lieutenant of police here, the authorities announced they had established the identity of a man's skeleton unearthed near Canarsie, on September 12, and had made an arrest in connection with their efforts to solve an alleged murder mystery.

According to the police, Lieutenant Williams studied the bones of the skull and its contour and with modelling wax moulded a face on the skull to resemble as close as possible the face of the man in life, without having a description of him.

Recalling a feud at Canarsie several years ago persons who were familiar with some of those involved were brought to police headquarters to look at the face the lieutenant had made in hope of identification. In a dimly lighted room, the head was uncovered and the astonished group told the police it resembled Dominik La Rossa, who disappeared in November, 1914.

MUCH COMMENT ON LATEST ASSERTION OF GREEK KING

Athens, Sept. 23 (via London, Sept. 24.)—All the Athens newspapers comment at length on the latest declarations made by King Constantine of Greece to the Associated Press and published here yesterday, in which his Majesty said that Greece was ready to join the Entente Allies when she could see definite and certain advantage in so doing. In Hesperini, an anti-Venizelos organ, Nicholas Stratos, minister of marine last year in the cabinet of Premier Gounaris, states it is evident that the Greek King is seeking an excuse and means to depart from a neutral course. The ex-minister, who heretofore was a most ardent opponent of war, declares openly:

"The country cannot further depend on the diplomatic assurances of the Central Empires, and must enter the war by national action."

With Agamemnon Schliemann, in 1914 Greek minister at Washington, M. Stratos has formed a new anti-Venizelos war party. One of the foremost political figures in Greece said to The Associated Press today:

"We have made our proposition to the Entente powers, stating frankly what we require, if we would not be more trouble than assistance. The decision is up to them."

JOINT COMMISSION SATISFIED WITH PROGRESS MADE SO FAR.

Will Begin Fourth Week Of Conference at New London Today.

New London, Conn., September 24.—Professing satisfaction with the progress already made, members of the Mexican-American joint commission will begin the fourth week of their conference here tomorrow. It is expected the American members will continue their inquiry into the social and economic as well as the military problems of Mexico, on the ground that the conditions in northern Mexico are too intimately related to internal affairs to justify them in entering into an agreement for border control without a definite understanding of what changes for the better are to be made nearer the seat of government.

The Mexicans hav received from Andreas Garcia, Mexican consul at El Paso, a report of the attack on Chihuahua City by Villa forces denying that the attacking party obtained any ammunition or that Villa personally appeared in the city.

TO MAKE CHEMICAL TESTS

Three Organizations to Hold Conventions In Washington.

Washington, September 24.—The annual conventions of the American American Chemical Society, the American Electric Chemical Society and the Technical section of the American Paper and Pulp Association begins here tomorrow.

Dyes and other chemical products, until recently supplied almost exclusively by Germany, will be made and compared, it was said, with the foreign articles.

U. S. Bureau of Mines will demonstrate a process for the manufacture of Benzol, Tulol and other gasoline substitutes for fuel. The Southern opportunity section will be devoted to revealing opportunities that are said to be awaiting the industriallist and capitalists in the South.

BANKERS' ASSOCIATION

Annual Meeting of National Organization at Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., September 24.—Bankers from all sections of the United States began arriving here today to attend the annual meeting of the American Eankers' Association, the preliminary sessions of which will start tomorrow. Among the prominent financial men of the country who will speak during the convention will be John Skelton Williams, comptroller of the currency.

London, September 24. — The government of Greece has sent another note to Berlin, protesting against the capture by the Bulgars of the Greek infantry at Florina, says Reuter's Athens correspondent.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

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Unless Advertiser Has a Regular Account

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FOR BUSINESS LOCALS PHONE 51

And a Western Union Messenger Will Call for Your Advertisement Without Extra Cost to You.

If You Want to Send a Telegram or Desire Messenger Delivery in the City, Call the Western Union Telegraph Company Direct.

SPECIAL 25 PER CENT DISCOUNT

Allowed on Business Locals Ordered for Seven Consecutive Issues or Longer.

Contract Ads. running "Till Forbid" Must be Discontinued by Written Order.

NO. 10 CHURCH STREET, 7 ROOMS for rent; splendid condition, in excellent neighborhood. Apply 502 South Front street, corner of Church street. se25-1t*

WANTED — A SMALL FURNISHED housekeeping apartment for a period of five months, possibly longer. Apply 'phone 244-W. se25-1t*

INVESTMENT SERIES CAROLINA Building and Loan Association; $100 in 3 1-2 years. Can get your stock at any time at 123 Princess. Subscribe now. E. T. Taylor, pres.; L. W. Moore, sec'y. se25-1t

WANTED — 200 COLORED LABORers for large steel plant. Wages, 20c per hour. Work 10 and 12 hours per day. Apply Employment Bureau, Worth Brothers Co., 3rd Ave., Coatesville, Pa. se25-7t

LOST — STARTING CRANK FOR Studebaker Automobile. Reward for return to Ford Auto. Co. se25-1t

WANTED — TWO GIRLS TO WORK on concession. See H. S. Windsor, Great American Shows, Children's Playground, between 2 and 6 Monday. se25-1t*

FOR RENT — FURNISHED APARTment, three large rooms, hall room, bath and kitchen. One door from car line. Call at 18 North Seventh. 'Phone 501. se24-3t*

FOR RENT — 103 SOUTH EIGHTH ST. 'Phone 745. Gordon Bros. se1-tf

MOTTE'S SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND and typewriting—Day and night lessons. Leon L. Motte, official court stenographer, chief instructor. Phone 737-W. 105 Church St. se 16-30t

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT GUARantees delivery of every piece of Direct Mail Advertising, multigraph letters and printed forms, when properly handled. Certain, sure, effective. Harriss Typewriting & Advertising Co., printing and direct mail advertising. se22-m,w,f-tf

SUITS PRESSED, 25 CENTS; CLEANED, and pressed, 75 cents; hats cleaned, 50 cents. Work can't be beat. Try us. American Practical Hatter. 128 Market st.; 'phone 393-J. se25-1t*

FOR SALE — SHAW PIANO, GOOD AS new. Large size mahogany case. Must sell at once. Cash preferred. P. O. Box 487. se24-7t

LOGGING AND SAW MILL MAN, WITH several years experience with teams, skidders and railroad equipments, desires a position with enterprising lumber concern where merit and ability will count. Have handled up to sixty thousand feet per day. Results guaranteed. Address "Logger," care Morning Star. se24-7t

FOR SALE — CASH OR ON TIME, FOR good collateral, our stock of fresh merchandise. The most popular corner in town. Store and lot also for sale. Apply at once to W. C. Keith Company, Atkinson, N. C. se17-su,m-6t

REDUCED RATE AT COSTER'S—LAdies' and gentlemen's suits cleaned, $1.00; felt hats cleaned and blocked, 50 cents; gentlemen's suits pressed, 25 cents. se17-su,m,th-10t

WOOD-WORKING MACHINERY FOR sale. One practically new American band resaw with 40-inch wheels; carries 3-inch blade, 22 feet long. Four extra saws for same. Five thousand feet one-inch pipe, with full set National Dry Kiln headers, complete, with Nason trap. All A1 condition. Two sets 20-inch logging truck wheels, standard gauge, 4-inch tread. One set 28-inch, same gauge, 6-inch tread. Address, "Machinery," Warsaw, N. C. se24-7t*

FERTILIZER SALESMAN WANTED in the Wilmington territory for season beginning January, 1917. Must be a real good salesman, but fertilizer experience not required. Prefer not under 25 or 35 years old. State age and previous experience or business, and address for four days, P. O. Box 235, Wilmington, N. C. se24-3t

PUBLIC SERVICE — COMMERCIAL printing; multigraph fac-simile typewritten circulars; expert typewriting; notaries public; all yours for the asking. Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. se21-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE — WE HAVE AN unlimited stock of fire-boards and all kinds of stove supplies. Call 'Phone 431 and expert stove man will be on the job in a short while. W. B. Klander, 8 South 2nd street. se17-tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets, tied up in neat bundles and for sale at this office, 10 cents per hundred. mh 23-tf

WANTED AT ONCE, 3 OR 4 ROOMS, either furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping, by man and family. Must be in good neighborhood, and in home with refined Christian people who do not object to children (ages 6 and 11). Would consider rooms without privilege of cooking, if board can be secured nearby. Or will room and board in a private home (not a boarding house). Please state in letter just what you have to offer, giving full particulars in detail. Price must be quoted. Address "Family Man," care The Star. se24-tf

FOR RENT—STORE, NO. 313 NORTH Front street, now occupied by Le-Gwin Printing Co. Also second floor in adjoining building, 42x70. Possession given October 1st. Samuel Bear, Sr., & Sons. se24-7t

FOR SALE — ONE NO. 8 "TIP TOP Choice" range, in good order, with hot water attachments; very reasonable. Can be seen at 322 North Third street. Telephone 1145 for further information. se25-2t

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady as double entry bookkeeper and typist. Have held present position six years. Good reasons for changing. Address Box 6, High Point, N. C. se24-4t*

YOUNG MEN AND LADIES GOING off to school should prepare for rain. Raincoats for both ladies and gentlemen, $3.50. Colors: Two shades each of grey and olive. Write for samples. Storm Raincoat Co., 116 West Bank St., Petersburg, Va. se 10-tf

PUBLIC SERVICE — COMMERCIAL printing; multigraph fac-simile typewritten circulars; expert typewriting; notaries public; all yours for the asking. Harris Typewriting & Adv. Co. se21-tf

UNREDEEMED — ONE 14-K. SOLID gold, 16 size, 21 jewel Hamilton Watch; worth $35.00; unredeemed price, $39.50; at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop; 6 South Front Street. 'Phone 642. se22-tf

ON THE JOB FROM SEVEN UNTIL seven, selling Ajax Tires. Air pump going all the time. Pumping up Ajax Tires. They cost no more. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., 113 North Second street. se24-2t

CHINA PAINTING—CLASS OPENS October 2nd. See display at Honnet's, Belk-Williams' and Yates' Book Store. 'Phone 1662 or call on Miss Hope Carson, 1716 Chestnut St. se24-7t*

WANTED — TEN TO TWENTY CARS heart pine shingles and ten to twenty cars laths. L. F. Ritchie, Clarkton, N. C. se23-3t

PLACE YOUR ORDERS FOR MAGAzines and newspapers with Gordon Bros., 17 Princess street. 'Phone 745. au11-tf

FRESH EGGS, 33c.; LEMONS, 25c.; ONions, 7c.; rice, whole grain, 9c.; glasses jelly, catsup, mustard, vinegar, cocoa, Durkee's dressing, etc., 9c. or 3 of a kind, 25c. Steady cheapest prices in town; ask for price list. A. Renik, cor. 5th and Nixon; 'Phone 827. se21-7t

NOTARIES PUBLIC ALWAYS AT YOUR service. Harriss Typewriting & Advertising Co. se21-tf

WANTED—TO BUY, SMALL MACHINE shop. State what you have, first letter; price, etc. Address "Machine Shop," care Star. se22-3t

MR. TRAINMAN—WE ARE GOING TO put on the market for a quick sale, two homes on Harnett street between Third and Fourth. They have just been put in first class condition. Each one has five rooms, water, sewerage etc. The price is $1,500. The terms aer easy. See J. G. Wright and Son Agents. se24-2t

FOR SALE — ONE PAIR OF GOOD mules, 3 log carts, 3 road wagons, 3 sets harness, 29 tons 25-lb. rail, 1 ton spikes, 6 log cars; 1 half-cabin gas boat, 35 feet long, 11 feet beam; 30 horse power Mianus engine, comparatively new and in good condition. Address Henry L. Jones, Kelly, N. C. se21-7t*

FOR SALE—CAROLINA COURT LOT, No. 10; most desirable lot in this suburb; front 150 feet on Orange and 95 feet on Turnpike. See J. Irving Bear; 'Phone 323. se19-7t

FOR RENT—116 NORTH THIRD ST., a three-room housekeeping apartment. Clean, comfortable, and in good condition. Lights and telephone included. Location central. se24-3t

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, modern conveniences; 216 North Second street; 'Phone 773. jy25-tf

CABBAGE—CABBAGE

We will have another car 20,000 lbs. nice Bulk Cabbage to arrive Sept. 26th. Let us book your orders. Have in stock Jersey Giant potatoes, lemons, oranges, onions, limes and complete line of candies. Send us your orders.

Bear Produce & Mdse. Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

COTTON STORAGE

12½ cents pound advanced on good cotton stored with

W. B. COOPER & CO.
Wilmington, N. C.

School Books
School Supplies

Orders From Out of Town Will Meet With Prompt Attention. -:-

C. W. Yates Comp'y
117 MARKET ST.

OCTOBER FUNDS

Funds received October first as interest, dividends or from any other source, cannot be employed to better advantage than by being deposited in our Savings Department.

Here they will be safe, always worth one hundred cents on the dollar, will draw 4 per cent. compound interest, and will be available when you want them.

American Bank & Trust Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

CAPITAL ... $200,000.00
RESOURCES ... $2,600,000.00

STATEMENT CONDITION THE

MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

Of Wilmington, N. C., at the Close of Business September 12th, 1916.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	$5,192,439.33	Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds (At par)	602,500.00	Surplus and Net Profits	718,028.03
Bank Building	450,000.00	Circulation	538,500.00
Bonds and other Securities	297,660.00	Special Deposit Bonds	15,000.00
Liquidation Account Southern National Bank	36,414.09	Rediscounts	185,258.33
Customers' Liability-Acceptances	300,000.00	Bills Payable	410,000.00
Cash and Due by Banks	1,716,485.74	Acceptances	300,000.00
		Deposits	5,458,712.80
	$8,625,499.16		$8,625,499.16

DEPOSITS:

September 12th, 1914 ... $4,411,485.21
September 12th, 1915 ... $4,944,172.20
September 12th, 1916 ... $5,458,712.80

H. C. McQUEEN, President. C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.
J. V. GRAINGER, Vice-President. M. F. ALLEN, Assistant Cashier.
J. W. YATES, Vice-President. W. S. JOHNSON, Assistant Cashier.
J. V. GRAINGER, JR., Assistant Cashier

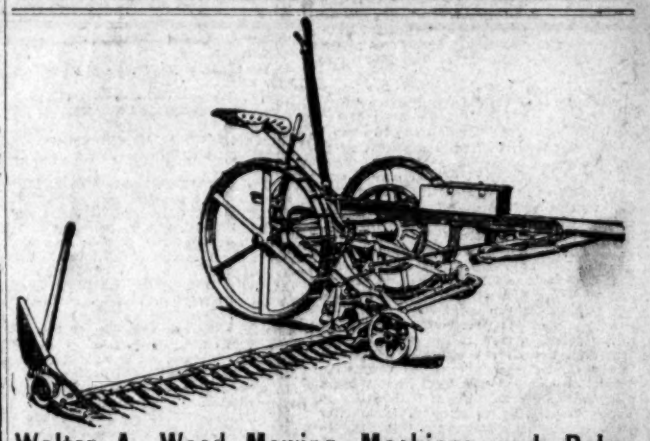
STATEMENT OF CONDITION

HOME SAVINGS BANK

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS SEPTEMBER 12TH, 1916.

ASSETS:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	$286,972.38	Capital	$ 50,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	4,269.59	Undivided Profits	5,479.50
Stocks	10,000.00	Deposits	263,332.86
Cash	17,659.20	Cashier's Checks outstanding	88.81
Total	$318,901.17	Total	$318,901.17

J. W. YATES, President. J. W. LITTLE, Vice-President.
J. F. ROACHE, Cashier.



Walter A. Wood Mowing Machines and Rakes

HAVE BUT VERY FEW LEFT.

Coming Season of 1917 Prices Will be Put Into Effect on October 1st, Which Will be Nearly Twenty Per Cent. Higher Than Today. If You Want One of These Celebrated Machines, Move Quick and Save Several Dollars.

WM. E. SPRINGER & COMPANY
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SCORE OF PERSONS INJURED IN WRECK ON THE SEABOARD

Passenger Train Takes Siding at Bowers Hill, Near Portsmouth, Va.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 24.—A score or more persons were injured tonight shortly after dark when a Seaboard Air Line passenger train, known as No. 12, took a siding at Bowers Hill, a few miles back of Portsmouth, and crashed into a coal train. The more seriously injured are:

Conductor W. P. Clement; Engineer W. A. Steele and Fireman William Durham, of the passenger train's crew, and Mrs. Samuel Solomon, of Portsmouth, and Mary Darden, a negro, all the latter passengers. They were brought to the Kings Daughters Hospital at Portsmouth for treatment. Attending surgeons declare that they will recover. A number of others were scratched or bruised.

In a statement issued by the Seaboard Air Line officials, they declared that the accident was caused by some one tampering with the switch. Railroad detectives are investigating.

COMMANDER AND HIS CREW ARRESTED BY CONSTABLE

London, Sept. 25.—The commander and 20 members of the crew of the Zeppelin which was forced to land near an Essex coast town were arrested by the village constable as they were marching along the road into the blackness of the night, according to the latest eye-witness account.

"I am the commander of a German airship that has just come down and these are my crew," said the leader of the men, when accosted by the constable. Then the officer added:

"Please allow me to go to the nearest postoffice so that I may telephone some one in London who will let my wife know I am safe."

The constable replied that the commander was perfectly safe. At this juncture special constables came up and the prisoners were marched to the nearest detention camp, where it was found several of them were wounded. All the men wore dark blue uniforms and life saving waistcoats. None of them bore arms.

The village constable, in telling later of the coming down of the Zepelin, said he heard the noise of the motors overhead and next saw a Zeppelin flying seaward, 300 feet up. Then as if the commander of the airship feared trouble on the water, he turned back inland and in a few minutes, "the airship floated like a giant feather," landing in a farmer's orchard less than 30 feet from the farmer's cottage. Two loud ex plosions followed and then a flare of a few seconds duration.

The airship commander marched the men to the farmer's house, but the occupants of the house were too frightened to answer the knock, so the Germans took to the road where they encountered the constable. It is believed engine trouble forced the descent of the Zeppelin.

"CO-OPERATIVES" SUCCEED

Tremendous Business Done by British Societies in Past Year.

(From the Detroit Journal.)

People living on this side of the Atlantic are in a measure familiar with the consumers' co-operative movement in Great Britain. But few have realized the impetus given the movement by the pirces forced on the consuming public by the war.

Last year one society alone — the British Co-operative Union — did a business of $692,350,000, and there was an increase in membership of 176,750. The English Wholesale Co-operative Society did a business of $215,350,000, and great increases aer also reported by the Aberdeen Co-operative Society and others, both in membership and gross sales. One London store enrolled 300 new members in one afternoon.

The same thing happened in Germany, though not to so gerat an extent as in Great Britain, even though teh food panic has been more acute. This is because of the attitude of the government toward the "revolutionary storekeepers," who have not been allowed to sell goods to non-members, and government employees were not permitted to join. When these co-operative stores continued to sell goods at the old prices government employees raised violent protest against the injustice of not being allowed to join, when the government gave way.

Membership and sales immediately increased, one German wholesale society giving its 1914 sales at $40,000,000, with greater increases in 1915, though the exact figures are not yet available.

There is a co-operative prosperity even in France, where more than 30 per cent. of the co-operative territory is in the war zone. Even in war-wrecked Belgium the co-operative societies are prospering; and though the Hungarian government officials hate co-operators as they do in Germany, there has been an increase in membership and in sales.

Charged With Larceny.

At an early hour this morning, Chas. George, George Harris and Josie Harris, three colored boys, were taken into custody and locked up at the police station by members of the police department on the charge of being implicated in the theft yesterday of six quarts of ice cream, the property of Plummer's confectionery store.

Portland, Me., Sept. 24—All hope of saving the steamer Bay State of the Eastern Steamship Corporation, which struck on the rocks off Cape Elizabeth during a dense fog yesterday, on her regular trip from Boston to Portland, was abandoned today. She is pounding to pieces in the havy ground swell. No effort was made to recover any of her cargo.

"Three Musical Kings."
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